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RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

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The Daily and Weekly

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FIRST EDITION.

TILTON-BEECHER.

Mr. Beach Loses His Temper—A Rebuke to the Foreman—Passage-at-Arms with Mr. Porter.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Again to-day the Brooklyn City Court room was crowded, and almost one-half of those present were women. Mr. Beach, on entering, was received with a round of applause.

He said a large amount of indignation had been expended upon Mr. Moulton for his dishonorable conduct in not burning the documents in this case after the Bowen arbitration, which was alleged to contemplate this action. He called attention to the testimony of Mr. Storrs, that Mr. Moulton said Beecher thought he had burned all these papers, but that Samuel Wilkeson was mistaken if he thought he had: and he thought if they were burned, Tilton would have no protection. There was no intimation in this conversation that the request to burn the letters arose from arbitration, but it came from Sam Wilkeson after the Tripartite Agreement with which he was intimately connected. Mr. Beach read the letter of apology. This showed that the burning of all the papers was not requested, and that the destruction of none of them was contemplated by the arbitration. Moulton held the papers intact and unmutilated, as proved by both parties. What had this matter, anyway, to do with the examination of this case? All through the defense has gone into side issues to distract attention from material points.

The proposition that the trouble between Beecher and Tilton originated in the subject matter of the Bowen arbitration, was one of the most extraordinary which had been put forth in this case. There was a business difficulty between Tilton and Bowen; there was a written submission of the difficulty; Tilton and Bowen appeared before the arbitrators, the question was submitted, and the testimony was to the effect that nothing was discussed before the arbitrators except the business difficulty with Bowen. These arbitrators were members of Plymouth church and friends of Mr. Beecher, and it was very likely this suggestion as to burning the papers may have been made by them after the event. Was there anything to make this suggestion of the arbitrators binding? Is there any testimony not produced by the defense? This whole plea had been gotten up to slander and throw discredit upon a man who was then the trusted repository of all Beecher's letters, and the friend whom Beecher regarded as raised up for him by the special Providence of God. When papers in the case were destroyed, there was a clamorous outcry, and when they were preserved there was ferocious complaints. If these papers were so survival as the defense alleged, and so easy of explanation, why did the defense complain that they were kept? What was the trouble? If they furnished, as was asserted, internal evidence of Mr. Beecher's innocence and secured his acquittal, why then the gentlemen for the defense should be grateful for their existence and thank the plaintiff for their preservation. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. Beach said he did not feel called upon to act as the defender of Henry C. Bowen, who had been placed upon the stand in answer to his counsel. He sketched the position of Mr. Bowen and Mr. Tilton at the time the latter sent his letter demanding Beecher's resignation, and said that Tilton was betrayed and forsaken by the man who had stimulated his actions. We had no explanation of the sudden change of front by Bowen and his confederacy with Beecher. He was not asked by the defense how he came to change his purpose and suddenly become Mr. Beecher's ally. Bowen was no friend of the plaintiff, but was introduced simply for the purpose of throwing all the light obtainable upon the case. The counsel again asked, if it was pretended that the conversation in regard to Beecher's adultery did not take place between Bowen and Tilton, why did not counsel for defense interrogate Bowen upon the subject? After reading the testimony of Tilton in regard to his wife's confession, Mr. Beach said it was easy to see how her secret rankled in her breast, and how cruel the power of an aroused conscience forced her to make the confession of her guilt. Mr. Beach then said the language used by Tilton in repeating the substance of his wife's confession was his own language, and he made no attempt to have made to give Mrs. Tilton's exact words. This disposed of the verbal criticisms upon which so much stress had been laid by Mr. Evarts.

Mr. Beach next read from a letter of Mrs. Tilton, in 1866, in which she said that until the last three dreadful years, in which there was confidence in Mr. Beecher was shaken, she and her husband had looked up to him as to no other human being. It was evident that in the three years preceding 1870 something had occurred to shake Mrs. Tilton's confidence in the guide of her youth, notwithstanding the theory of the defense that this purity of Mr. Beecher had never been tainted by a suspicion before the bringing of this charge. Mr. Beach then referred to the criticism of Mr. Evarts upon the remark of Mr. Tilton, that sending the letter demanding the resignation of Mr. Beecher was a grand thing, but that not sending it would have been a grander. Mrs. Tilton's letter of acceptance was not intended as a record of the charge in this case, but was merely a letter of introduction to the interview between her husband and Mr. Beecher. Mrs. Tilton, months before, had made verbal confessions of adultery, but these the prosecution had not been allowed to prove. The prosecution had also wished to prove what the contents of Mrs. Tilton's paper was, but the defense had opposed this and the Court had excluded the evidence.

A recess was here taken. The spectators on the bench included Senator Morton, of Indiana.

Just before recess, while Mr. Beach was speaking, he saw an expression of incredulity resting upon the face of foreman Carpenter. Looking him steadily in the face, Mr. Beach said: "I am entitled to your respectful consideration, sir. I am presenting to you [still looking squarely at Mr. Carpenter] sworn evidence in this case, evidence that has not been contradicted. You may smile, but you are here under oath to solemnly weigh the sworn evidence presented before you, and I have a right to expect your courteous attention, after thirteen days of speech-making on the other side." This allusion of Mr. Beach's created a decided sensation in the court room.

After recess, Mr. Beach continued his argument. He said that Mr. Evarts criticised the relation given by Mr. Tilton of his wife's confession, on the ground of its particularity and because it was too precise and formal. It was said to be unnatural that Mrs. Tilton, speaking of Mr. Beecher, should specify that he was her pastor. Well, Jacob, in speaking to Laban of Rachel, specified not only that she was his daughter, but his youngest daughter. There was a significance in the allusion to Mr. Beecher as her pastor. It was this relation which he bore to Mrs. Tilton that gave influence to his persuasion. It was said that the confession of Mrs. Tilton was no evidence of guilt against this defendant. That was granted, as the court had ruled it out, but when this confession was detailed to the accused, who cowered before it and exclaimed that it would kill him, it became significant evidence of his guilt. The defense claimed that this was a forced confession. There was the weakness of their position. They mistook the paper obtained from Mrs. Tilton on the 21th of December for her confession. But the confession whose repetition staggered Mr. Beecher, on the night of the 30th, was that revelation which was made by Mrs. Tilton to her husband in July, 1870. In view of this fact, the paper used by Mr. Tilton on the night of December 30th became of no value in this case. It was not the basis of this charge, was not the accusation which was used against Mr. Beecher in that interview. It was merely used to introduce the interview, and Mr. Tilton had described the manner in which the paper was obtained.

Speaking of the failure of the faculty of memory, Mr. Beech said that he believed that there was more involuntary perjury committed in courts of justice than the human mind could conceive. He did not believe that a single witness in this case had given an exact and accurate narrative of any transaction which occurred two or three years ago, or even one year ago. If there had been, it was one of Mr. Evarts' miracles. [Laughter.] It was very easy for a skilful cross-examiner, like Mr. Porter or Mr. Evarts, to lead a witness to the use of some hasty or extravagant expression. If he (Mr. Beach) had confessed to one of the jury that he had committed a murder, the fact of the confession would never fade from his mind, although he might forget or misrecollect the language. So Mr. Beecher's confession of guilt, his expressions of remorse and, despair, fixed their character indelibly in the minds of Tilton, of Moulton and of Mrs. Moulton, although the minute details might not be accurately retained in their memories.

Mr. Beach then read from Tilton's testimony, to dispove the charge that he had garbled the Catherine Gaunt letter. Mr. Evarts had alluded to Beecher's noble efforts in England during our civil war, and had asked the jury, "Had after all this, are you gentlemen going to convict Mr. Beecher, who had done this great work for his country?" And this was an argument, said Mr. Beach, that an advocate had advanced to an American jury, sitting in a court of justice, to convince them of Mr. Beecher's innocence! Oh, you ministers, convict him—England will laugh at you! You mustn't tell England he seduced a woman, or her aristocracy would meet you with contumely! Oh, my learned friend has had too much to do with England and his aristocracy. If this was the way the jury were to be controlled, then God help American institutions and justice! [Loud applause.] Was their verdict to depend upon what had been thought of Mr. Beecher? Why no, said counsel, their judgments were to be controlled only by justice. Counsel then went on to remark upon Mr Evarts making a demigod of Mr. Beecher, whereas not a word was ever said by counsel in behalf of the charge of improper advances, and Mr. Tracy, in his opening, admitted the question to be whether the charge and offence was improper advances.

Mr. Porter here interrupted and said he could not permit counsel to state a falsehood and misstate what they said. "When," said Judge Porter, "have we admitted the guilt of improper solicitations?"

Mr. Beach replied that his learned friends put their friendship to a tension when they accused him of falsehood.

Judge Neilson stated that he understood Mr. Beach to say that the charge of improper advances had not been denied.

Mr. Beach angrily repelled the accusation that he had stated a falsehood, and said he would not take such an insult from any man. Counsel then continued, and dilated on the habits of Mr. Beecher, and said that he stated that his Saturdays were holidays with him, and now these were the days when the trouble came to him. He found time on Saturday to pay visits, to go to Mrs. Tilton's and put the baby to sleep and engage himself for future duties in that connection, as he said once: "If the baby is uneasy and would not sleep, send for me." He also found time on a Saturday to take Mrs. Tilton for a drive. Counsel next referred to Tilton's alleged cruelty to his wife, and said that there was only one witness, Bessie Turner, who testified to this brutal conduct on his part. Joseph Richards, Kate Cary, Mrs. McDonald and others—aye, even Mr. Beecher—maintained that this was a beautiful and happy household. Yet Bessie Turner's testimony was taken against these witnesses, and the jury were asked to believe it. Counsel knew they all had prejudices against Tilton, who would crawl on no person's feet but demanded justice at their hands; and he would get it somewhere and somehow. He will get justice, if not here, in the future, and Henry Ward Beecher would meet with a fitting reward.

The court here adjourned until Monday.

Books and Papers.

Gildenfenney & Co., No. 45 Fifth avenue, have again placed this office under obligations for a supply of choice reading matter, embracing all the popular illustrated and literary weeklies. They keep also all the new books, games, notions, albums, pocketbooks, etc., and sell them at most reasonable prices.

CALIFORNIA.

Republican State Convention.

THE TICKET AND PLATFORM.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—The Republican State Convention met at Sacramento yesterday afternoon. Mr. Sargent presided. The Convention adopted strong anti-railroad resolutions, which were supported by Mr. Gorham in a vigorous speech, denouncing the Central Pacific. Pacheco was withdrawn as a candidate for Governor, and T. G. Phelps was nominated by acclamation. Joseph M. Cavis was nominated for Lieutenant Governor, and O. H. Hallet for Secretary of State.

The rest of the ticket nominated is as follows: Controller, J. J. Greene; Surveyor, R. E. Gardner; Treasurer, William Beckman; Attorney General, E. D. Sawyer; Clerk of Supreme Court, G. J. Taggart; Superintendent of Public Instruction, E. C. Carr.

THE PLATFORM.

The following platform was adopted: The Republican party of California, in State Convention assembled, makes the following additional declaration of principles, reaffirming the State platform of 1871 and the National platform of 1872:

First—That we have undiminished confidence in the wisdom, patriotism and integrity of the present Chief Magistrate of the United States, U. S. Grant, and join our political brethren throughout the Union in a cordial, earnest support of his administration, in the fullest recognition of his illustrious career in the military and civil service, and in condemnation of that rancorous party spirit which preempts his and our enemies to unjust attacks on him as similar to those to which his great predecessors, Washington, Jackson and Lincoln were subjected during their administrations.

Second—That the letter addressed by the President to the Chairman of the Pennsylvania State Republican Convention, upon the subject of his succession, is a full and complete refutation of the slanders of those who charged him with intriguing for a re-election, and that we accept it as an explicit denial of the third-term agitation created by our enemies solely to arouse jealousies and dissensions in the Republican party.

Third—That the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, added to that instrument by the requisite votes of three-fourths of the States of the Union, are as sacred and binding as any of its provisions; that they are to be maintained by the enforcement of all Congressional enactments, notwithstanding the opposition, secret or avowed, of the Democratic party and of hostile White Leagues in the Southern States.

Fourth—That the conduct of that portion of the people in the South, who defy the Fifteenth amendment and seek by intimidation or force to prevent the lawful exercise of the elective franchise by the great body of colored citizens residing therein, is a rebellious defiance of national authority; that the attempt to prevent the election of the next President by the people, is calculated to arouse the worst passions of men and to disturb the peace of the nation, and should be met by all law-abiding citizens, North and South, as an effort to revive the flames of civil war. While admitting that an honest difference of opinion exists as to the extent of the conspiracy against a constitutional election of a President in 1876, we deem it well to caution the people against slumbering in the face of danger.

Fifth—That, with all our countrymen of whatever section who yield obedience to the Constitution and laws and who are willing to defend or justify those who do not obey them, we desire to cultivate fraternal relations, without regard to mere party difference, and will at all times unite with them to promote justice and good order and public tranquility.

Sixth—That the cost of the State and the several county governments can and ought to be reduced one-half, and to that work the next Legislature ought to address itself. This can be done by a readjustment of the public business, the curtailment of the large list of officers and employees, such a reduction of salaries and fees as will place public servants on a living, as to compensation, with persons in private business, and abate the almost universal preference for public over private employment; honesty and economy in the maintenance of the various institutions of the State, a total abandonment of the practice of voting the people money's to institutions which were called into existence without State action, and by additional checks and safeguards to render official peculation difficult of concealment and surer of punishment when discovered.

The seventh resolution demands the punishment of citizens adopting corrupt practices.

Eighth—That the Republican party will aid in the development of the resources of the State by all legitimate means. As it appears that the agricultural capabilities of large sections cannot be fully shown unless some practicable system of irrigation is adopted, the Republican party demands of the Legislature that it assume control of the water of the various lakes and rivers, subject only to mining and mechanical rights, and provide for its distribution over the largest possible area of irrigable land, by the adoption of a comprehensive system that shall make irrigation works, to be constructed for this purpose, part and portion of the revenue of the various districts, to be wholly subject to the control and management of the owners of irrigable lands therein.

Ninth—That the freedom of the State from ecclesiastical control, is of equal importance with the maintenance of religious freedom from State control; that the school institutions of the State should be established as a preventive of the crime and poverty which attend ignorance, we will tolerate no interference with them from any quarter; that any effort to divide the school fund for the purpose of supporting sectarian schools with a portion thereof, shall be met with all the resistance in our power.

Tenth—That the Central Pacific Railroad is a State corporation, and as such is amenable to the laws of the State concerning corporations; that the relations of the company to the nation are simply those of agent and principal—debtor and creditor, so far as their property within this State is concerned; that the power of the State over said corporation is far from having been surrendered by the act of the Legislature of April, as claimed by that company, but was rather affirmed thereby, in these words: "Said company to be subject to all the laws of this State concerning railroads and telegraph lines;" that the right to regulate fares and freights, whenever it exists, is a condition annexed to the franchise, and necessarily vested in the tribunals by which the franchise has been granted; that the right to regulate tolls is one of the essential franchises of railroad corporations, and the power to regulate those is simply the power to regulate the franchise under which they are collected, and the power must be exercised by the authority creating the corporation; that the existing State laws of the Central Pacific corporation and its rights to operate roads in California, rest exclusively upon the authority of the State laws; that its natural character is limited to certain functions, which it derived, by the State's consent, from Congress, such as the right to operate its road outside of the State, to create liens upon its entire line in favor of the National Government and other creditors; that, as a necessary result of the foregoing, while Congress has the right to regulate tolls over the road on through and inter-State traffic, the State Legislature has the absolute and exclusive power to regulate rates of freight and fares between all points within this State; that experience has shown that railroad companies, while left uncontrolled, naturally look exclusively to their own interests and often disregard the interests and convenience of the public they were created to serve, whereby unreasonable rates for freight and fare have been and are still imposed, unjust discrimination made against communities and classes of merchandise, and many settlements and towns nearly ruined and even seriously injured for the building up of localities in which members of Congress are interested; that we recommend that the people should exact in advance, from candidates for the Legislature, an unequivocal pledge, first that they will, if elected, vote for such a reduction of freights and fares as will leave to railroad companies a fair income on the actual cost of the construction of the road and allow for maintaining and operating the same, to enable them to meet their just obligations, that they will, to that end, institute a thorough investigation into the affairs of corporations, as they have ample power to do, in order to ascertain the cost of the construction of the road and the annual outlay for maintaining and operating the same, and that they will, in adjusting the tariff of freights and fares, abolish all unfair discrimination between the same classes of merchandise and equalize rates between different localities, having due regard to grades and curves.

Eleventh—That while the Republican party disclaims any sympathy with indiscriminate war upon associated capital, which is the disregard of its rights, it is entirely independent of all corporate power, it is opposed to all schemes in State, county and city, whereby, under pretense of promising gas and water to communities or irrigation for farming, a few men seek to enrich themselves by imposing heavy burdens upon the people; it repels all attempts of corporations to force into offices, through Republican conventions, men who will guard their interests rather than those of the public, and expects to be judged by its acts and the character of its candidates, rather than by the false accusations of its enemies who, after having had the executive power of the State for the past eight years divided equally between them, can present no better claim for public confidence than loud and empty professions of horror at the alleged corruptions and profligacy in public affairs which they themselves have managed and controlled.

The twelfth resolution invites the cooperation of the farming interest in carrying out the measures of the platform.

The thirteenth resolution deprecates dissension in the Republican ranks, and invites unity of action in the approaching Presidential election.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

France.

OLLIVIER DEFENDS HIS MINISTRY.

PARIS, June 11.—M. Ollivier's book in defense of the ministry of which he was the head at the breaking out of the Franco-Prussian war, has appeared. It declares that Prussia, by her insults, really declared the war. His ministry cannot be held responsible for entering upon the conflict, for the act was unanimously approved by the Senate and Legislative body. Nor is it responsible for the military organization, which was the work of years before it came into power. M. Ollivier claims for his ministry that a few months after its organization it had calmed the public mind and restored the authority of the Government without employing either corruption or intimidation. He publishes a letter from the Emperor, written after the fall of the ministry, expressing continued confidence. In conclusion M. Ollivier urges the Bonapartists to keep the present government, maintain peace and respect the Constitution, and when the opportunity comes for revising the Constitution, then claim an appeal to the plebiscite.

DELEGATION OF WORKMEN TO BE SENT TO PHILADELPHIA.

PARIS, June 11.—The workmen's societies of this city have opened a national subscription to provide for sending a delegation to the Philadelphia Exhibition.

OBITUARY.

Marateau, the Communist editor who urged the shooting of the Archbishop of Paris, has died in New Caledonia.

Italy.

THE SWISS BOUNDARY SETTLED.

ROME, June 11.—A royal decree has been issued promulgating a convention between Italy and Switzerland, which establishes the boundary between the two countries in accordance with the award of the arbitrator, Mr. Marsh, Minister of the United States.

DISORDER IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

In the Chamber of Deputies there have been violent debates over the Government Public Safety bill, which amends the law for the suppression of brigandage and other disorders in Sicily and Calabria. The bill is approved by the Left. The sitting to-night was abruptly closed, on account of the disorder which accompanied the discussion.

Germany.

PREPARING FOR THE PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION.

BERLIN, June 11.—In the Federal Council, yesterday, the President of the Imperial Chancellory submitted several votes of supply to meet the expense of a proper representation of Germany at the United States Centennial Exhibition.

BALTIMORE "CATHOLIC GAZETTE" UNDER THE BAN.

An order has been issued from the Imperial Chancellory prohibiting the circulation of the *Catholic Gazette* of Baltimore, for two years within the boundaries of the empire.

Greece.

POLITICAL CRISIS IMMINENT—ABDICATION OF THE KING NOT IMPROBABLE.

LONDON, June 12.—The *Daily News* reports that a crisis is imminent at Athens, which may result in the abdication of the King. Five Turkish men-of-war have been ordered to cruise in Greek waters. The Russian Minister has advised the King not to abdicate without securing the rights of his heir to the throne. The probability of the intervention of foreign powers is discussed at Athens.

Marine News.

LONDON, June 11.—The schooner Pamlico, Captain Street, which sailed from New Castle September 3, for Chicago, and put back to Liverpool May 11th, dismasted, has sailed for her destination, after repairing.

European Markets.

LONDON, June 11, 5 P. M.—The amount of bullion gone into the Hand of England on balance to-day was £60,000. Consols for money 93⅜@93⅝; for account 93⅜@93⅝. United States bonds—5-20's, 1865, 105⅞; do. 1867, 106; 10-40's, 104¾; new 5's, 102¼. Railroads—New York Central 91; Erie 19¾; preferred 38. Tallow, 46s@46s 6d. Refined petroleum 25¾@26¼. Turpentine 28s.

PARIS, June 11.—Rentes 64 francs 95 centimes.

ANTWERP, June 11.—Refined Petroleum 20¾ francs.

LIVERPOOL, June 11.—Cotton dull and depressed; middling uplands 7d.; Orleans 7 15-16d. Sales of 8,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export and 4,000 American. Flour—Extra State 24s. Corn—No. 1 spring 3s. 3d@3s 9d. Corn 32s. Pork—Western 73s. Eastern 80s 6d. Beef 78s 6d. Lard 61s. Bacon—City cured 50s; short clear middles 52s 6d. Cheese 54s. Tallow 41s. Refined petroleum 9½d; spirits do 7½d. Turpentine 28@28s 6d.

POLITICAL.

Missouri.

KANSAS CITY BOARD OF TRADE EXERCISED OVER THE INDIAN POLICY.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 11.—A resolution was passed by the Board of Trade to-day, asking the President for his policy in regard to the Indian treaties and the Sioux Indians. A committee was appointed to prepare a memorial to Congress protesting against further steps toward blocking up civilization by settling all savages on land in one of the richest portions of the nation.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 11, 1875.

REDUCTION OF FARES ON ERIE RAILWAY.

The railroad war is continued, and Monday next the Erie Company will reduce the fares between New York and Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, the reduction being more than three dollars on round trip tickets.

THE SMUGGLING INVESTIGATION.

The Grand Jury are still investigating the silk smuggling frauds, and it is probable that by the first of next week several more prominent merchants and three or four Custom House officials will be indicted.

ALLEGED SILK SMUGGLERS GIVE BAIL.

H. B. Claflin, John Claflin, Daniel Robinson, Dexter N. Force and Wm. H. Talcott, members of the firm of H. B. Claflin & Co., appeared before United States Commissioner Shields to-day and gave bail on the indictments presented against them yesterday by the Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court for alleged complicity in silk smuggling frauds, in the sum of $20,000. John J. Donaldson, of the firm of Claflin & Co., and Mr. Aaron Claflin, boots and shoe merchant, became their bondsmen, Messrs. Eames and Fairchild, also members of the firm, are out of town, but will furnish bail to-morrow.

Charles M. Field, Edward D. Fenner, William G. Fenner, Aaron Field and John J. Morris, who compose the auction firm of Field, Morris, Fenner & Co., also gave bail in the sum of $20,000 each, Benjamin Field and ex-Recorder J. M. Smith becoming their bondsmen.

PENNSYLVANIA AND BALTIMORE AND OHIO COMING TO TERMS.

The executive officers of the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Companies have been in session in New York to-day, discussing points of difference between their companies. The meeting has been most harmonious, and a basis for a permanent arrangement between the companies will be submitted to their respective boards of directors within the next ten days.

The probable basis of the arrangement will be the giving back by the Pennsylvania Railroad to the Baltimore and Ohio, of the terminal and road facilities enjoyed prior to the railroad war, and the re-establishment of summer freight tariffs such as prevailed last year; and it is also probable that passenger rates will be fixed on the Saratoga basis.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Another Arrest in Philadelphia in the Government Bond Cases.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—This morning Joseph Calvert, *alias* Button Joe, was arrested upon a charge of being interested in the negotiation of the United States bonds which were stolen in the West. The arrest is based on the affidavit of Dr. Melville, one of the counsel engaged in the Hilt cases, who alleges that he received from Calvert two registered bonds of the United States, one for $5,000 and the other for $10,000, which he refunded to Calvert. It is alleged that these two bonds are the fruits of a robbery committed in Ohio, and were originally in the name of a Mrs. Scott.

Suicide in Sandusky.

SANDUSKY, June 11.—A man named Frank Ward, supposed to be from Findley, Ohio, committed suicide in this city this morning, by shooting himself through the heart. Cause unknown.

Defalcation at Norwich, Connecticut.

NORWICH, CONN., June 11.—It was discovered to-day that Charles C. Fuller, President, and J. T. Mowery, Treasurer of the Chaplin Paper Company, have absconded, leaving outstanding obligations estimated to amount to $70,000, the greater part of which is believed to be in forged notes.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Making Up the Indian Commission.

BUT ONE PLACE REMAINS VACANT.

Commissioner Johnson's Work Among the New York Smugglers.

Prospect of the Conviction of Claflin and Others.

Secretary Bristow Takes Additional Precautions Against Fraud.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11, 1875.

Members of the Indian Commission.

The commission to the Sioux country, as far as determined to-night, consists of Senator Allison, ex-Representative Comingo, Rev. Mr. Hinman and General Terry. No replies have as yet been received from Bishops Ames and Havens and Mr. Palmer, of Chicago. It is believed, however, that both Messrs. Havens and Palmer will accept, which will leave but one place to be filled. Senator Morrill was obliged to decline, on account of ill health.

The New York Silk Frauds.

The Secretary of the Treasury states that sufficient evidence has been obtained to lead to reasonable assurance that Claflin and other merchants who have been systematically defrauding the Government, will be convicted. For years the Government has been deprived of its revenues with impunity by certain great houses, while the smaller houses have been obliged to suffer in their business, or, if brought up on the smallest violation of law, have been rigorously treated. The Secretary proposes to inaugurate a new regime, by treating great and small alike. District Attorney Bliss had an interview with the Secretary to-day, in which he communicated much additional information. Ben Butler will, it is said, have a hand in the affair.

More Precautions against Fraud.

A new set of schedules for use by passengers entering United States ports with baggage, have been sent out by the Treasury Department. It is designed to break up the increased system of smuggling by these means. It is estimated, upon the Custom House returns, that the aggregate value of the baggage landed by passengers last year was nearly one hundred million dollars. The revenue on the dutiable articles, if paid, would have amounted to millions. Commissioner Johnson will return to New York in a few days and further prosecute his efforts now being put in the interest of the revenues of the Government.

S.

CLEVELAND.

The Pigeon-Shooting Tournament.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—In the Shooting Tournament this morning, the ties of six in yesterday's shoot were shot off. The prize, fifty dollars, was won by Willard, of Wilmington, Canada.

The prizes offered to-day were $300 first, $250 second, $150 third, $100, fourth $50 fifth. One hundred and twenty-eight entries were made. Fifteen killed ten straight, at twenty-one yards. Twenty-six yards eight of them dropped off, even in falling back to thirty-one yards. The prize was won by F. J. Wheat, of Cleveland, who killed twenty-five birds without a miss.

Thirty men, having killed nine birds each at twenty-one yards, competed for the second prize, which was won by J. C. Quayle, of Galion, Ohio, who killed twenty-four out of twenty-five birds. Seventy-seven of the prize yesterday, killing twenty-nine birds. Darkness prevented the shooting off of the other ties, which will be finished in the morning. The attendance was large and the shooting fully up to that of yesterday.

EARTHQUAKE IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Sixteen Thousand Lives Destroyed.

HAVANA, June 11.—News has been received here, by way of St. Thomas, of a terrible earthquake in New Granada. The destruction was greatest in the valley of the Cauca, on the Venezuelan frontier. It is reported that 16,000 lives were destroyed by the earthquake.

FIRE RECORD.

Lebanon, N. H.—$33,000.

LEBANON, N. H., June 11.—The main building of the agricultural works in this village was burned this morning, together with the machinery and stock. Loss $35,000; partly insured. One hundred and fifty workmen are thrown out of employment, who lost all their tools.

Newburgh, N. Y.—$25,000.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., June 11.—The Mount Sunopee House was burned this morning. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $15,000.

NEWS SUMMARY.

By TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-day—Falling barometer, higher temperature, increasing cloudiness, local rains to southwest winds and occasional rains.

The steamer Main, from Bremen, has arrived at New York.

The Postoffice Department has ordered the extension of the railway mail service, July 1st, from Chicago to Elgin, Ill., a distance of fifty-three miles, on the Chicago and Pacific Railroad.

A quarantine of ten days has been proclaimed by Governor Kellogg against the ports of Havana and Vera Cruz, from the 10th of June, but under a new regulation of the Board of Health the ten days, in the case of all vessels bringing a clean bill of health, will begin to count from the time of the vessel's leaving the infected port for New Orleans.

The twenty-third convention of the International Typographical Union, at Boston, adjourned yesterday, to meet at Philadelphia in 1876. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Walter H. Bell, of Philadelphia; First Vice President, James Harper, of Montreal; Second Vice President, C. F. Dubeline, of Kansas City; Secretary, J. W. Treasurer, A. Hutchinson, of Chicago; Corresponding Secretary, W. S. Pride, of Wilmington, Del.

The Indiana Temperance Convention, at Indianapolis, yesterday elected the following offices for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. Z. G. Wallace, of Indianapolis; Corresponding Secretary, Miss A. Hoyt, of Indianapolis; Recording Secretary, Alice A. Vining, of Laporte; Treasurer, Mrs. M. M. Finch, of Indianapolis, and one Vice President for each Congressional district. After the passage of various resolutions of minor importance the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

FLOUR

GROCERIES

T. C. JENKINS

273 275

LIBERTY ST PITTSBURGH PA

BUY THE GREAT

White River Flour

No excuse for Poor Bread when this Flour is used. The price places it within the reach of all.

BEWARE of Flour represented as being the same under other brands.

☞ No Retail House Connected.

REMINISCENCE OF THE WAR.

Man-of-War Cumberland Visited by Divers in Hampton Roads—Recovery of the Safe, Containing Sixty to One Hundred Thousand Dollars—A Petrified Human Body Discovered.

NORFOLK, VA., June 11.—Captain Brown, of the schooner J. C., arrived here to-day with the iron safe of the United States man-of-war Cumberland, which was run into and sunk in Hampton Roads by the Confederate ram Virginia, in 1862. Divers had been at work on the wreck ten years, having in view the recovery of the safe. The lucky man had only been at the wreck forty-eight hours when he found the safe buried in three or four feet of mud. The water at that place is seventy-eight feet deep. By the explosion of a torpedo, the safe was cracked and as it was hoisted on deck a few pieces of gold coin dropped out. It is generally believed that the safe contains between sixty and one hundred thousand dollars gold. The safe and treasure belong to Capt. Brown and O. E. Maltby, of this city, and Herbert Smith, of Detroit, Michigan. While Capt. Brown was searching the wreck, he came across a petrified human body in a perfect state. The Captain supposes the body to be that of an officer, and intends to return and get it.

BLAIRSVILLE.

Burglary at Indiana—Two of the Burglars Shot—Fatal Accident at Bairdstown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., June 11, 1875.

Three men broke into the house of an Italian, at Indiana, last night. The Italian fired at the burglars, and hit one of them three times, probably with fatal effect. Another of the party received a painful, though not dangerous wound. The men all lived in Indiana. They were drunk at the time, and their object in attacking the premises is not known.

This morning, Scott Gellis, of Bairdstown, while blowing into the muzzle of his gun, was fatally shot, the ball passing into his mouth and coming out the back of his neck.

Dedication at Catfish, Clarion County, Pa.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

CATFISH, CLARION CO., PA., June 11, 1875.

The new hall of the Young Men's Christian Association at this place, erected for the joint use of the association and the Methodist Episcopal church, will be dedicated to the service of God on Sunday, June 13th. Rev. Dr. Pershing, of your city, will preach at 10½ A. M., and the association will hold a devotional meeting at 7½ P. M., at which Dr. Pershing and others are expected to speak.

Although the Young Men's Christian Association has been organized but a few months, it has been highly prosperous, both in a spiritual and a financial way. There is a small debt yet on the building, which we hope to see paid on Sunday. The association has received material aid from friends of the cause in Philadelphia and some from Pittsburgh. May the Master's cause be honored and His kingdom enlarged through its efforts.

S.

Pittsburgh Safe and Lock Company.

Those of our readers wanting fire or burglar proof safes should call on the above company, who are now manufacturing safes superior to any in the market. To prove this they would refer to several of the leading banks and banking institutions in Pittsburgh, they have furnished their improved burglar work. The locks used by this company are not to be picked and cannot be picked, as is the case with many now being sold in this market.

Special inducements to cash buyers. Office and factory, 167 Penn street.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on flour and one per cent on all other goods if paid in ten days from date of bills. T. C. Jenkins, Checkered Front.

Completely Sold Out.

Persons who have delayed purchasing on account of the absence of those highly-prized $450 and $500 Steinway Pianos, are informed that the Messrs. Kleber & Bro. have secured a magnificent assortment, which will be opened up in the beginning of next week. Those superb instruments sell as soon as they arrive, persons intending to purchase will save $100 or more and secure one of them rather than to be disappointed. Call and examine these pianos offered in such abundance by other dealers. It is a noteworthy fact that these $450 instruments are worth even to the $1,000 kind of most other makers.

Full Weight Fish.

New mackerel now arriving at reduced prices. Weight and quality guaranteed. Get prices before buying. T. C. Jenkins, Checkered Front.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY THE 1st of July or August, by a practical Bookkeeper, who will give first-class references; also bonds if the position requires it. Address A. B., box 1893, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—MODELS—INVENTORS and others wanting Patent Office Models or Experimental Models of Iron, Wood or Brass to call at the Pittsburgh Model Works of F. MILLER & CO., 68 Water street and 80 First street.

WANTED—PARTNER—FOR A GENERAL Store, in a thriving town within one hundred miles of Pittsburgh, on railroad. Store now doing a business of $40,000 per year, strictly CASH. To one giving proper security will give easy terms. Address Box R, Commercial office.

WANTED—MANAGER—OF BRANCH Depot in Pittsburgh, and to appoint subagents for a manufacturing firm whose products of high class and value are in demand for general sale-fraction. The party appointed will be required to have a small amount of capital, and first-class signments. This is a valuable appointment to a suitable man. Address, with full particulars, Philadelphia Depot, 235 North Eighth street. (J. S. Pratt, Manager.)

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—OAK TANNED LEATHER Belting, Rubber Belting and Hose, at THOS. & JUNN'S, 144 Water street.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL—MACHINERY and Steam Engines, new and second-hand. JAMES HOLMES, corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20×36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 20 to 60-horse power; from 4 to 80

Commercial.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN. F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

DELEGATES' CREDENTIALS.

Republican election officers of the various districts of the county can obtain printed blanks of credentials for delegates to the several conventions at the headquarters of the Committee, Lincoln Club rooms, 68 Smithfield street.

THE Trades' Unions of New York city have lately been making efforts, in a quiet way, to obtain some public expression of sympathy for the coal strike and the coal strikers in Pennsylvania; but they failed signally.

THE Democratic papers, having been deprived of their third term grievance, are now stopping over about the President's visit to Long Branch. They are evidently hard up for something to growl about, and Long Branch serves that purpose as well as anything else.

Now that there is a new Atlantic cable laid, and the chances for good dispatches are doubled, it would be a good scheme if the Associated Press would get a new reporter in England. We can give the present reporter, if he wants it, a certificate that he is a first-class failure.

THE Chicago *Tribune* says that grain is now carried from Chicago to New York, by lake and canal, at 10¾ cents per bushel, and from New York to Liverpool at 15 cents currency—but little over 25 cents currency from Chicago to Liverpool. If this is not cheap transportation, what is it?

DAVID H. PIGG is a candidate for the Legislature, upon the Democratic ticket, in Licking county, Ohio. He has evidently got into the wrong county. Let him move to Cincinnati or Chicago, and enlist all the other pigs on his side. He will be able, in either place, to make the piggest kind of a rally.

HON. WM. A. WALLACE, our Democratic United States Senator, has been employed by the Coal Operators in the Clearfield region to prosecute some sixty miners, who, with XINGO PARKS and JOHN SINEY, were charged with riot, in exciting the late strike. A strong effort will be made by the defendants to postpone the trial.

THE Washington *National Republican* of Thursday contains a delinquent tax list covering fifty-two pages nearly as large as the pages of the COMMERCIAL. This list must include nearly all the real estate in the District of Columbia, which implies that the owners of it are either unwilling or unable to pay their taxes. The necessity for such a publication is a disgrace to the District.

THE dealers in canned goods have recently held a convention in Philadelphia, and now the car-makers are holding one in New York. Every trade must have its convention, now, but we never hear of many practical results from them. If the car-makers, for instance, could only give us cars that can be ventilated to the healthy point, they would be doing a grand thing; but all they attempt to do is to talk about it. Conventions are good for talk, but that is about all.

COKE, it is stated by a distinguished engineer, is very similar to anthracite coal in its constitution. In fixed carbon, the difference between the two is very slight, the main difference being in the ash, which is greater in coke than in the coal. The similarity of the two renders it perfectly practicable to substitute coke for anthracite in the anthracite pig iron furnaces, or to mix the two in varying quantities. If the strike continues in the anthracite regions, the substitution of coke at the anthracite furnaces will undoubtedly be extensively resorted to.

GEN. HARLAN, the Republican candidate for Governor of Kentucky, accepted the nomination upon the condition that he should not be expected to take the stump before July 12th. Whereupon MCCREARY, the Democratic nominee, made out a list of appointments running from June 7 to July 12, and sent an invitation to Gen. HARLAN to meet him at these appointments in joint discussion of political questions, concluding, of course, that he would not attend. Imagine MCCREARY's surprise when, on attending his first appointments, he found Gen. HARLAN present and ready to stay with him until election! He was the victim of misplaced confidence, and will not invite HARLAN again. This thing of being taken at your word just when you expected the contrary, is not pleasant; and MCCREARY has just found it out.

THE Baltimore *American* admits that while "cheap freights have in some respects helped Baltimore trade, yet, the result of the present railroad contest, so far as freight charges are concerned, is militating against our interests and really drawing away trade to other points, and hence thoughtful business men long to see the difficulty adjusted." Cut-throat rates, therefore, do not help general trade any more than they benefit the roads which resort to the use of them. Baltimore gets no more grain to handle than she would have got under higher rates, and the same is true of Philadelphia and New York. It is encouraging to know that Baltimore and Philadelphia have both learned this fact; and it is not unreasonable to suppose that the railroad companies will also soon come to a knowledge of the wholesome lesson that unhealthy rivalry between them is as injurious to trade as to themselves.

THE New York *Bulletin* says that the reports of short grain crops in Europe are like the similar reports that prevailed in this country a month or so ago, unreliable and got up for speculative purposes. The latest intelligence from the grain-producing districts of Europe indicates a good growing season and a prospect of a yield as large as usual. Europe will want as much grain from us this year as she has wanted for several years past, but is not likely to want any more. There will probably be a demand for all we have to spare, but it is not likely to be active enough to advance prices materially. The surplus of last year's crop has been held back beyond the usual point, and is just beginning to go forward to market; and the new crop will be in before the old is all out. This will materially tend to keep down prices; and it will be much safer to depend upon the maintenance of present rates than to look forward to an advance.

THE PRIMARY MEETINGS.

The Republican primary meetings for the election of delegates to four conventions for the nomination of a county ticket, take place this afternoon.

During the heated contest over these nominations we have preserved silence, preferring to let the people decide such questions for themselves, free from newspaper influence; but, while we have not a word to say in favor of particular candidates, we feel it our duty to urge upon our Republican readers the importance of these primary meetings, and the necessity of attending them. The primary meeting is the great resource of the American voter. It is there he exercises his right to say who he wants for candidates for office, and that is a right which is of as much importance as the elective franchise itself. If he neglects or refuses to exercise it he has no right to complain, if the ticket nominated does not suit him. The Republican party of Allegheny county, if it expects or desires to succeed, this year must nominate a good and unexceptionable county ticket. The time was when a mere nomination, in this county, was equivalent to an election; but the party that was partially defeated last fall does not need to be told, we trust, that nominations, this year, will not carry that certainty with them. We have not the slightest doubt that a large majority of the voters of this county are republicans; but the only way to bring them out, or to bring them back into active political life is to command their confidence by presenting them a ticket to which they can take no exception. The primary meetings to-day, therefore, should be conducted solely with a view to the presentation of a county ticket of the highest and most unexceptionable character; and to that end every Republican voter should make a special effort to attend them. We must put our best foot forward, this time, if we expect to win the race.

The offices for which candidates are to be named are Sheriff, Recorder, Register, Clerk of the Courts, Controller, two Commissioners and one Director of the Poor.

For Sheriff, the contest has narrowed down to Messrs. FIFE, LINDSEY and DIEHL. These are all good men, as we look at them; but every voter has his preference, and each undoubtedly thinks his man is better than the others. For Recorder, the choice is narrowed to RALPH RICHARDSON, who has worthily filled the office for nearly three years, and Mr. VERNER. For Register, the present officer, who has been in the office for nine years, asks to be nominated for it the fourth time, and Col. E. J. ALLEN contests the point with him. Both are crippled soldiers, and both are fully competent for the place. For Clerk of the Courts, the present officer, Mr. W. H. MCCLEERY, has only a nominal opposition. For Controller, the incumbent, HENRY WARNER, Esq., asks a renomination, and Mr. C. W. LEWIS, who is fully competent, is running against him. For Commissioners, the present incumbents, Messrs. MURRAY and BECKERT, are candidates for re-election, and Mr. JOHN MCCLELLAND, of West Deer, Mr. WEDDELL, of Versailles, Mr. JAMES DAVIS, of Crescent, Dr. SHANKS, of Neville, JOHN M. EDMUNDSON, of Robinson, J. H. ROBB, of Scott, Mr. CONNER, of one of the South Side wards, and several other gentlemen whose names have not been furnished us, are also candidates. Mr. MURRAY is from Upper St. Clair, and Mr. BECKERT from the city, and we notice a strong inclination on the part of the country to claim both candidates as properly belonging to it.

Such is the material out of which the ticket is to be made, and the voters must choose among it for themselves. We leave the matter in their hands, and trust to their native good sense to make the wisest selections possible.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

"The blood-thirsty heel of the bloated bondholder," is the way a Missouri editor puts it.

By means of spurious war certificates the Missouri State Treasury has been defrauded of one million dollars.

Semmes does not like the United States Constitution. How would a hempen rope around his neck suit him?

In the Island of Guernsey etherized vapor is successfully used to tame vicious horses during the operation of shoeing.

It takes 283,648 grasshoppers to make a bushel, and each one of the number can eat the weight of the whole in a season.

Between the 13th of June last and the 15th of October following, 749,562 persons attended the public baths in New York.

The Japanese Government has decided to abolish the use of the Chinese character in official documents. In future the native letters are to be used.

Sheridan thought it strange, when he went to church with his wife the first Sunday after he was married, that the doorkeeper did not ask him for tickets.

The number of cattle now grazing upon Iowa soil is immense. On every portion of available grazing land in some counties cattle from the South and West are being fed.

The apple trees on the lake shore are now in blossom, and as fish bite best when these trees are in bloom everyone in that region has now a good excuse for going a fishing.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* thinks it must have been Spotted Tail that stole that $47,000 package from the Treasury; but it is mistaken. The thief has not been spotted.

There is a lawsuit still pending in Kentucky that was begun in 1815. All the original parties to it are dead, but the children regard it as an heirloom. It concerns the title to 19,000 acres of land.

Secretary Bristow is said to have remarked: "If the people don't want me for President any more than I want the office, there is no probability of my ever being nominated." We think so, too.

Louisiana reports an increase in cotton acreage of four per cent.; Mississippi of three per cent., and Arkansas the same. Texas shows still more satisfactory returns, and Alabama is also encouraging.

The Republicans have elected all their State officers in New Hampshire, in spite of the Democratic frauds to prevent that result, thus proving anew the truth of the proverb that "Cheating never prospers."

The American and Foreign Bible Society and the American Bible Union, two important societies, are shortly to be consolidated. The new society will take the title of the American and Foreign Bible Union.

A cynical old bachelor predicts that in a couple of months Sheridan will hear: "You may be Lieutenant General of the United States, Philip; but that doesn't signify that you can run this establishment."

There is a gentleman now in the English Parliament whose election expenses were $72,000, or about $10 for every vote he received. Yet the English papers talk glibly about "corruption" in American politics!

The people of Blue Earth county, Minnesota, have bought 2,000 bushels of grasshoppers at a cost of $4,000 and think it money well invested. The 2,000 bushels are supposed to have contained six hundred million grasshoppers.

A man in Ohio had his house set on fire by a tin milk can. The pan was turned bottom upward to dry, on the western side of the house, and reflected the rays of the sun against the weather-boarding, setting it on fire. This is a new incendiary.

The Director of the Mint has made a purchase of a large amount of silver coin in Carson City at 107 per standard ounce, which is two cents lower than the late low quotations in the British market. This is one of the cheapest purchases ever made in the country.

It is reported that the British Government intend soon to remove the monolith usually known as "Cleopatra's Needle," from Egypt to the Thames, and to re-erect it on the embankment. It was presented to the British nation some years ago, and is a companion to that at Paris.

As the steamtug Samson, of Hamburg, was towing a disused boat up the Elbe to Cuxhaven, the other day, her boiler burst and she was blown to pieces. Of the crew of five men not a trace was found, and nothing was to be seen of the hull but fragments floating down the river.

PERSONAL.

Savonarola has at last got his monument. It is at Ferrara, and Prince Humbert was present at its unveiling.

George Bancroft and Henry W. Longfellow have received the order of civil merit from the Emperor William of Germany.

A dinner is to be tendered to Secretary Bristow by his political friends in Boston on the occasion of his visit to the Bunker Hill Centennial celebration on the 17th inst.

The Episcopal Convention for the Fond du Lac diocese, consisting of the northeastern portion of Wisconsin, has elected the Rev. Jacob S. Shipman, of Lexington, Ky., Bishop.

Senator Jones is going to dazzle the fashionables at Long Branch with his bride and four-in-hand. Sharon, his rival, is too busy with his new hotel to bring on his six-in-hand and daughters.

The Duke of Edinburgh is the only one of Queen Victoria's sons who is not a member of the Masonic order, and his father-in-law, the Emperor of Russia, is one of the few sovereigns of Europe who oppose Masonry.

Tennyson's drama, at which he has been at work for so long a time, is now in press, and will soon be published. It is entitled "Queen Mary," and embraces the life of Mary Tudor from her accession to her death, together with the leading features in her reign.

Dr. Kenealy has learned a lesson in the House of Commons. In a late number of his paper he says that, so far as inquiry is concerned, the plaintiff must be left to his fate. All that could be done for him has been done, and all meetings on his behalf are useless, and must come to an end.

Rev. Dr. Wilson, of Louisville, Ky., who quarreled with the Louisville Presbytery, appealed from its action to the General Assembly, South, and the Assembly decided against him. He refuses to submit to the Presbytery, and the latter has deposed him. He will maintain a separate church organization.

Count Alessandro Compagnoni Marefoschi, of the Papal Guard, returns home by the Pereire to-day. The Count, it will be remembered, came hither with the Papal envoys, representing in the laic order the Holy Father himself; he was also the bearer of the zucchetto to Cardinal McCloskey.

The mystery which has surrounded the acts of Abraham Jackson appears to approach a solution. It is no doubt true that he was embarrassed fifteen years ago, but the hope of retrieving his fortune induced him to adopt the dishonest course which has brought him to grief. He made unfortunate investments and lost heavily at the great fire by deprecation of insurance stocks. His personal expenses rarely exceeded a thousand dollars a year.—*Boston Journal.*

STATE NEWS.

Burglars are busy in Altoona.

Corner loafers are arrested and fined in Meadville.

Scarlet fever is having a run among the children at Norristown.

Hon. Wayne McVeagh is about going to Philadelphia to practice his profession.

The court at Williamsport, on Saturday last, resentenced Barney McClue to death.

Philadelphia has 3,000 professional beggars, whose gains average more than three dollars per day each.

Joaquin Miller is now in Philadelphia, and spent last Sunday with Walt Whitman at his home in Camden.

The advertisements of sheriff's sales in Philadelphia county occupy seventeen columns in the *Evening Telegraph.*

Over a ton of iron fell on a young man named John Gearhardt, in Altoona on Saturday, breaking his back and one leg.

Emanuel S. Hoffman, a young farmer, fell dead while plowing, at Trevorton, Northumberland county, on the 2d inst.

Mr. J. H. Wylie has made a proposition to erect a $10,000 fountain in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, at his own expense.

On the 17th inst. the corner stone of the new Fitchner Reformed Church near Myersdale, Somerset county will be laid.

The mayor of Philadelphia has issued an order prohibiting his policemen from carrying revolvers, blackjacks or clubs when off duty.

"To what base uses may we come at last!" Carrier pigeons are used to convey news of base ball matches in some of the Eastern counties.

By the explosion of a boiler at Gouldsboro, Luzerne county, on the 4th instant, John B. Hufford and David Harris were instantly killed.

The Altoona *Mirror* said that a certain man was engaged in making counterfeit money: and that certain man has sued the Altoona *Mirror* for libel.

Mr. Nathaniel N. Betts, Sr., died in Towanda on the 29th ult., aged seventy-six years. He was at the time of his death the oldest resident of that place.

A little daughter of Harrison Pierce, of Gaskill township, Jefferson county, was burned to death on the 3d inst., her clothing having caught fire from the stove.

Dr. James P. Andrews, a well known physician of Colerain township, Lancaster county, was found dead in his buggy on Monday. His death is supposed to have been caused by heart disease.

The first number of the *Industrial Advocate*, published at Bellefonte by the Industrial Publishing Company and edited by W. W. Brown, has been received. It is of good size, and well printed.

James A. Leyden, of Bellefonte, has received the appointment to a cadetship at West Point from Hon. L. A. Mackey, he carrying off the prize after a competitive examination with other candidates.

Governor Hartranft has sent the silver inkstand and sand-box used in signing the Declaration of Independence, to the committee having in charge the restoration of Independence Hall in Philadelphia.

A young man named John Bennett, living near Frewsburg, committed suicide last Friday, by shooting himself through the heart. He had been sick and depressed in spirits. The verdict was temporary insanity.

Isadore Raimonda, convicted of manslaughter in causing the death of his own cousin Domineco Raimonda, was sentenced on Saturday in Philadelphia by Judge Pierce to three years solitary confinement.

Four employees on the eastern division of the Pennsylvania Railroad were arrested on Monday on a charge of robbing cars. Their houses in Harrisburg were searched, and about 1,500 worth of stolen property recovered.

The Osceola *Recville* says: It is a singular fact, that many who never attended church before, meet regularly at the Methodist Episcopal church building, every morning at nine o'clock—the hour for drawing rations.

George W. Spencer, who was tried at Brookville a few days since, for the murder of Ignatius Bruner, at Reynoldsville, was acquitted of the charge of murder, but found guilty of manslaughter. Sentence was deferred.

There were 306 deaths in Philadelphia during the past week—a decrease of forty-nine from those of the preceding week. Of these, sixty-four were from diseases of the respiratory organs. Two murders are included in the list.

The trustees of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, have resolved to erect a new hospital, the $200,000 of subscription, upon securing which an appropriation by the State of $100,000 was made contingent, having been obtained.

The Muncy *Luminary* learns that George Smith, of Eglesmere, Sullivan county, took a fit on Thursday, when passing along the road a short distance above Picture Rocks, and fell over a bank twenty-five feet high, and was killed.

The New York Coliseum, erected by P. T. Barnum and others at a cost of $100,000, has been purchased by Richard J. Dobbins, who will remove it to Philadelphia and set it up in Fairmount Park. He paid $36,000 for the building and contents, and estimates the cost of removal at $10,000.

An old farmer in the upper end of the county writes us that he had completely outwitted the potato bugs this season. He has not planted a single potato on his farm, and he thinks if all agriculturists were to follow his example the Colorado pest would soon die out.—*Norristown Herald.*

A very determined inmate of the Huntingdon county poor house, which is located at Shirleysburg, committed suicide one day last week. He first attempted to cut his throat, but the job was a very bungling one. He finished it up by throwing himself from a second-story window, the fall killing him.

The M'Cally will case of Lancaster county has been decided in favor of defendants, recognizing the validity of the instrument. The will gives $10,000 to the board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church and $20,000 to the church extension fund. The entire amount of money involved is $100,000.

The proposition has been made and arrangements are already being carried into effect for the holding of a base ball tournament in Reading. Clubs are expected to be present from Wilmington, Easton, Allentown, Harrisburgh, Lancaster, Norristown, Chester, Phœnixville, Norristown and Philadelphia. A prize will be played for.

The Reading *Eagle* says: On Saturday morning a boy named Moses Newhard, aged eleven years, residing near Laury's Station, on the Fogelsville road, was attending cows at pasture, and he passed part of the time swinging with a rope from the branch of a tree. By some peculiar twist the rope got fastened round his neck, and he, probably frightened, allowing his entire weight to hang to the rope, strangled himself to death. As he hung his knees touched the ground, and this position he was found by his brother, who ran to him, and not being able to make him speak, ran thence to the house, about three hundred yards distant, and told his mother. When the family and neighbors arrived the boy was dead. The rope was cut, when the loop fell from the victim's neck, showing that there had been made no noose, and that the looping had been a mere accident.

POLITICAL.

State.

A convention of friends of Prohibition is called to meet at Mercer on the 30th inst., for the purpose of nominating a county ticket.

The colored men of Lancaster city have enrolled themselves into a Hartranft Club for the campaign.

The Democrats of the Senatorial district, composed of Fayette and Greene, have nominated James W. Hays, of Greene county, for State Senator.

The Democratic primary election held in Greene county nominated the following ticket: Senate, James W. Hays; Treasurer, John Hunt; Prothonotary, George Ulom; Clerk of Court, R. C. Pollock; District Attorney, W. A. Brook; County Commissioners, J. P. Morris and W. T. Pogue; Register and Recorder, J. P. Yoders; Poor House Director, J. M. Anderson; Auditors, Edward W. Wood and John R. Bell.

The argument in the McCreary-Park contested election case closed on Wednesday. The court took possession of all the papers in the case, with lists of votes that are claimed to be fraudulent, and will decide what votes were illegal. Then the ballot boxes will be opened, and the votes designated as illegal thrown out. The question is, for which party in the contest was the greatest number of illegal votes cast?—*Tuscarawas Citizen.*

As Good as New.

The above expression is peculiarly applicable to the individual whose system has been renovated by Moffett's Teething Powders. If any man or woman in this community has a friend suffering from the various pangs of dyspepsia, indigestion, nervous disease, weak back or kidney trouble can inflict, the most rational advice he or she can give is—"Procure the Bitters at once, and use them regularly." If this advice is heeded, we guarantee that in a short time the invalid will feel "as good as new," so marked and so rapid will be the change for the better wrought by this peerless invigorant, carminative and diuretic. It not only reestablishes digestion and stimulates the organs of assimilation into healthful activity, but expels by the natural outlets of the body those acrid elements in the secretions which, when absorbed into the blood, produce rheumatism, gout and neuralgia. Moreover, its gentle though effectual action admirably fits it for the use of females in delicate health, who require a stimulant and corrective.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May to November, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 7 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of SIX PER Cent., compounded semi-annually, on each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
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GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN H. WARNER, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. MCKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, J. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Ratn, A. Pollansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John B. Bailey, Solicitor.

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INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. W. MARTIN.....President.
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In Girard Bank Building, Allegheny,
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Persons desiring to fit themselves for Teachers can obtain a thorough knowledge of Plain and Ornamental Penmanship. TThs

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s P. DUFF & SONS.

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Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets.
NO PATENT—NO PAY.
Send for a Circular.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES OBTAINED from Courts of different States for desertion, &c. No publicity required. No charge until divorce granted. Address M. HOUSE, Attorney, 194 Broadway, N. Y.

DRY GOODS.
Jas. Caldwell AND Co
Have Just Opened at their
NEW STORE,
115 AND 117 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY,
A LARGE AND VERY ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF
SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS,
Which Buyers will find well worthy of Inspection before making their purchases.
BLACK SILKS,
Of the Most Popular Brands, ranging in price from 75 cents per yard to $3 00.
FANCY SILKS,
IN STRIPES, CHECKS AND PLAIN COLORS
ALL THE NEW DESIGNS IN
DRESS GOODS,
For Suits and Costumes.
BLACK DRESS FABRICS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
ALL-WOOL CASHMERES,
SILK WARP CASHMERES,
HENRIETTA CLOTHS,
BOMBAZINES, TAMISE CLOTHS,
WOOL DELAINES,
MOHAIR LUSTRES,
BRILLIANTEENS AND ALPACAS.
Black Grenadines & Hernanis.
NEW STYLES IN
Spring Shawls, Suits and Costumes
The NEW CUIRASS AND TABLIER, made up and in Patterns.
HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES and EMBROIDERIES.
NOTTINGHAM AND TAMBOURD LACE CURTAINS.
100 BLACK ALPACA SUITS, at Ten Dollars each, a Great Bargain.
Nos. 115 and 117 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

POLITICAL.
REPUBLICAN
Primary Elections
In accordance with the action of the Executive Committee, the REPUBLICAN VOTERS of Allegheny County are hereby requested to meet at the usual places for holding
PRIMARY ELECTIONS
In the several Districts of the Thirty-seven Wards of Pittsburgh, the Eleven Wards of Allegheny, and the Boroughs and Townships, on
SATURDAY, JUNE 12th, 1875,
Between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock P. M., and to elect ONE DELEGATE from each of said Election Districts to each of the following
COUNTY CONVENTIONS,
TO BE HELD AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH,
ON TUESDAY, JUNE 15th, 1875,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.
CONVENTION NO. 1
To be held in the Common Pleas Court No. 1, Room No. 1, to nominate
One candidate for SHERIFF.
CONVENTION NO. 2
To be held in Common Pleas Court No. 1, Room No. 2, to nominate
One candidate for RECORDER, and
One candidate for REGISTER AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT.
CONVENTION NO. 3
To be held in Common Pleas Court No. 2, Room No. 2, to nominate
One candidate for CLERK OF COURTS, and
One candidate for DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
CONVENTION No. 4
To be held in Common Pleas Court No. 2, Room No. 2, to nominate
One candidate for CONTROLLER, and
Two candidates for COMMISSIONER.
In addition to one delegate from each Election District to each one of the four Conventions, as above given, there shall be additional delegates elected, as follows:
First ward, Allegheny, three additional delegates to each Convention.
Second ward, Allegheny, two delegates at large to each Convention.
Third ward, Allegheny, two delegates at large to each Convention.
Fourth ward, Allegheny, two delegates at large to each Convention.
Sixth ward, Allegheny, one delegate at large to each Convention.
Sharpsburg borough one additional delegate to each Convention.
These additional delegates are allowed the Districts named, under the action of the Committee, in the aforesaid Wards and Boroughs.
Resolved, That each election District in the county be represented in the Republican County Convention called or to be called by the Republican Executive committee of the State, and that each district having a vote in excess above 250 votes shall have an additional representative for every 250 votes above the 250 first mentioned, and that each district having an excess of three-fifths over and above the number to entitle them to one or more delegates, shall have an additional delegate for such excess: *Provided further*, that the basis upon which Districts are to be represented shall be the votes cast in the several Districts at the late election of 1872, and that the calculations shall be made on the vote cast for the highest State officer voted for at such election.
Every township, recently formed of parts of South Fayette and Robinson townships, will elect a delegate to each Convention.
Harmar township and O'Hara township, just formed out of Indiana township, will each send one delegate to each Convention.
The Primary Elections shall be held by the Republican members of Election Boards, and in case vacancies exist the remaining members shall fill them. In districts where there are no Republican officers, they shall be conducted by persons selected.
Designation of rooms for the different Conventions will be made hereafter, and also of the several rooms.
The Chairman of the several Conventions will meet at as early a day as practicable after their adjournment and appoint the County Executive Committee for the ensuing year.
The action of the several Conventions under this call will be reported to the Republican County Committee at a meeting to be held on THURSDAY, JUNE 17th, at 8 o'clock P. M.
SAMUEL P. FULTON, Chairman,
Allegheny County Republican Executive Committee.
NORMAN M. SMITH,
DAVID A. MCGILVREY,
GEORGE W. REED,
H. H. BYRAM,
P. F. SMITH, } Secretaries.

REMOVAL.
REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.
WINDOW GLASS,
OF ALL SIZES, CUT TO ORDER.
VIALS, BOTTLES, AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
OF OLD AND RELIABLE PATENTS.
Prices to suit times. Quality and Style equal to any made in the country.

REMOVAL.
J. F. SCHROEDER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Has Removed from his old stand to
No. 62 Smithfield St.,
Third door above Fourth ave., Milliken's Block,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
GENTLEMEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING on hand and made to order at the shortest notice.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,
Pittsburgh, Pa., June 10, 1875.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON the 9th day of June, A. D. 1875, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JAMES ESBY, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 98 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., before SAMUEL PETTIS, Esq., Register, on the 25TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M.
JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS and Pile Pipes. "Seeley's Hard Rubber Trusses."—Cool, clean-ly, light, perfectly safe and comfortable, free from all sour, rusty, chafing, strapping, or poultice-like unpleasantness; used in bathing, indorsed by the profession, long tested, always reliable. BEWARE of IMITATIONS; Genuine stamped "L. B. Seeley." Establishments, 1247 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, and 737 Broadway, New York. Sent by mail or express, and sold by leading druggists. Send for catalogue. W s

DRY GOODS.
SATURDAY, JUNE 12.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY
GREAT ATTRACTIONS
IN NEW
Summer Dress Goods,
JUST OPENED.
Dress Goods at About Half Usual Price.
AT 12½ CTS,
New Invisible Plaids, good quality and width. These goods are usually selling at 25c.
AT 12½ CTS,
Fine Black Grenadines, good shade of black. Considered well worth 25c.
SPLENDID BARGAINS IN
Black Grenadines and Hernants, Plain, Striped and Plaid, all qualities.
NEW INVISIBLE PLAIDS,
From 25c upward; much under value.
Black Mohair Alpacas!
Extra Good Bargains, from 25c upward.
REMARKABLE BARGAINS IN
Black All Wool Cashmeres, all qualities.
DeBerges, Pongees, Poplins and Mohairs.
Mourning Dress Goods of every description.
Children's Dress Goods, great variety.
Dress Linens, all qualities.
NEW SUMMER STYLES IN
Ladies' Ready Made Suits,
All Desirable Materials and Colors.
AT REMARKABLE LOW PRICES.
Ladies' Linen and White Suits, Pongee, Poplin and Alpaca Suits.
New Lace Sacques, Capes and Shawls.
New Cashmere and Silk Sacques.
New Shawls of all kinds.

CARPETS.
CARPETS!
APRIL 1, 1875.
McFarland, Collins AND Co
NEW SPRING PATTERNS,
Bought at the Lowest Point reached for many years, and For Sale at Prices to Suit these Times.
New No. 101 Fifth Ave.,
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice, Second Floor.
CARPETS!
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
Have Opened their New and Complete Assortment of WILTONS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, RUGS, &c., directly from Europe, which they offer as low as they can be purchased in New York.
Their New Stock of THREE-PLIES, TWO-PLIES, WOOLEN INGRAINS, RAG and HEMP CARPETS, and DRUGGETS; also, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, MATTINGS, MATS, &c., is not surpassed in variety of Quality and Pattern, or in Lowness of Price.
Their Corps of Upholsterers do the work efficiently and with dispatch.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.
CARPETS!
AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.
The Best Styles,
Choicest Colors,
Latest Novelties,
Lowest Prices!
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
NEW NO. 29 FIFTH AVE.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
Also Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE, LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
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DR. WHITTIER'S
MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
302 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private and Urinary Diseases. Affections are treated. Spermatorrœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or excesses, are producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, pain in the back, impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business. Organs, when life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. All Blood Diseases, Kidney and Urinary diseases and Syphilis, (all forms), consisting of Ulcerations, Eruptions, Stricture, &c., and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. Dr. WHITTIER is a regular graduate in medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with correspondence private, and free Pamphlet on application, stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Hours 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
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144 pages, fine illustrations: cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single. Explaining the nature and cure of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c. Sent by mail, securely sealed, for 25 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address WHITTIER MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d

QUICKLY CURED!
ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diplomas at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.
NO CURE, NO PAY.
Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as confusion, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, loss of hair, pains in the head, constipation, dependency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfit them for the duties of married life, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases sent in a sealed envelope for 3c. stamp. All communications confidential. Address
Girard Medical Dispensary,
No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietors, where nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M.
DR. C. A. BOHANNAN
CURES all Private Diseases without the use of Mercury. Charges reasonable. Guarantees to cure Spermatorrhœa, or "Seminal Weakness in from 2 to 7 weeks time. Office No. 618 North Fifth st., St. Louis, Mo. Established in St. Louis in 1857.
Dr. B.'s "Treatise on Special Diseases," which fully explains the nature, causes, symptoms, etc., of Seminal Weakness, Female Complaints, Syphilis and Kindred Diseases, mailed on other delicate subjects, sent FREE in plain sealed Envelope on receipt of stamp.
TThs*

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diplomas in the office, and has regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 8 P. M.
McCULLY & HUNTER,
Engineers and Surveyors.
Dispatch Building, No. 69 Fifth Avenue.
LAYING OUT AND FURNISHING WORKING PLANS FOR MINES A SPECIALTY.
USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

DRY GOODS.
SATURDAY, JUNE 12.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS
IN
Housekeeping and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
By the Yard, Full Piece or Package.
LARGE QUANTITIES OF
New and Desirable Goods
JUST OPENED!
AT 12½ CTS,
Yard-wide Fine Chintzes—New and Beautiful Styles.
AT 8½ CTS,
Yard-wide Plain Black Percales—Good quality.
At 6½c, some of

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS

PARTIES DESIRING TO SELL

Allegheny Valley R. R. Income Bonds,

Will find it to their interest to call on or address

THOS. D. ROWLEY & Co.,

No. 100 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, June 11, 1875.

The discount rates of this market are wholly unchanged and the phases of the financial situation bear a striking resemblance to those of a week ago.

Money is active in some of the banks, who report their funds well employed. The banks, however, of larger capital find some difficulty in placing their money in a satisfactory way.

Local loans are stagnant and few home quotations are making. On the Philadelphia Board we notice the following figures of interest: Allegheny Valley Railroad 7-30's, 96½ asked; 7's of 1910, 87½ asked: income 7's, 52 asked; P. C. & St. L. R. W. 7's, 75 asked; City of Pittsburgh 7's, 107 bid.

In general trade circles business generally is quiet, and there is now little prospect of improvement until the demand for the fall trade sets in. There was some inquiry for wools, but the trade has not yet commenced, although by the first of next month there must be an active demand for currency with which to move the clip to the Eastern market.

The wool movement, together with the usual July settlements, is likely to make money more active during the next two or three weeks than it has been for some time past. As most of the wool purchased is paid for with money from Boston or Philadelphia it will tend to change the balance of trade with the seaboard in favor of this section of the country and create a more abundant supply of exchange.

Some of the banks are still compelled to make shipments of currency to the East to keep up their balances, and as a consequence Eastern checks are worth a premium.

OFFICE OF TRASK & STONE, BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 7 NEW STREET, NEW YORK, June 9, 1875.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The course of the market to-day gives no encouragement to the holders of stocks. Prices have been irregular and droopingly with occasional reactions and a little better feeling at the close.

It was expected that the declaration of the quarterly dividend in Western Union would have seemed to influence the tone of its shares, which would naturally be felt by other stocks. In this many were disappointed, as the market commenced to go off similarly obviously with its announcement.

The street is filled with rumors of all kinds, but most can be traced to reasonable sources. Some of these represent that a new combination has been formed against the "great bear," and others that the bear movement is probably over, as their shorts have been well covered in. The latter we do not very much credit from the best information we can get it is useless to expect a substantial reaction in the market until the shortage in Erie has been covered. As to the other rumor it is of little importance, as combinations against present ruling forces are generally of a temporary and, and particularly by parties named in connection with the rumor.

It continues a "Brokers' market," and we see no hope for better business or higher prices until present influences are removed.

Yours truly, TRASK & STONE.

—The specie payment law passed by the Legislature of New York during the last session is strange as it may seem and ought to seem, has attracted scarcely any attention and probably not one in twenty of the inhabitants of that State is aware of the existence of this law, which simply provides that after the year 1878 all taxes levied in that State within that State shall be collected either in gold coin, gold certificates or in bank notes redeemable in gold on demand, and that every contract or obligation made or implied after that year and payable in "dollars" in gold coin, or specified kind of dollars shall be payable in United States gold coin of the standard of weight and fineness established by the laws of the United States in force at the time of making such contract. The importance of this law is the reason for referring to attention of it. We discussed the question of its constitutionality and its practical effect fully at the time of its passage, and refer to it now only to repeat the language of the United States Supreme Court, in the case of Lane county, agent v. Oregon [7 Wallace, 71] as to whether taxes are "debts." That language, uttered by Justice Chase himself, declares that "in whatever light, therefore, we consider this question —whether in the light of the conflict between the legislation of foreign States and the taxing power of the States, to which the interpretation insisted on in behalf of the county of Lane would give rise, or in the light of the language of the acts themselves, or in the light of the decisions to which we have referred—we find ourselves brought to the same conclusion, that the clause making the United States coin a legal tender for debts has no reference to taxes imposed by State authority, but relates only to debts in the ordinary sense of the word, arising out of simple contracts or contracts by specialty, which include judgments and recognizances."

It is clearly impossible the doctrine that State taxes are not debts, and are therefore not subject to the legal tender act. Hence States can exact gold payment, and we are scarcely less certain that the second provision of the law will stand on the same basis.

—Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co., London, announce that they are authorized to receive subscriptions to an issue of £1,361,000 in six per cent. gold bonds of Ireland and $500 each of the city of New York. The price of issue is £201 per £1,000 bond, or £100 16s. per $500 bond. Five per cent. payable on application, and 95 per cent. on the first of July next. A statement is published with the prospectus, mentioning that the estimated value of the real estate which the city owns is nearly double the whole amount of the debt. The bonds may be converted in New York into registered bonds at the option of the holder.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

June 11, 1875.	10:00 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	116½	116½	116⅝	116⅜	116⅝	116⅝
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛
5-20's, 1865	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾
5-20's, 1865, reg	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼
5-20's, 1865, new	121½	121½	121½	121½	121½	121½
5-20's, 1867	122¼	122¼	122¼	122¼	122¼	122¼
5-20's, 1867, registered	122⅛	122⅛	122⅛	122⅛	122⅛	122⅛
5-20's, 1868	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾
10-40's, 1867	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛
10-40's, coupons	119	119	119	119	119	119
Erie common	16½	17	16½	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
Michigan Central	64	64	64	64	64	64
Michigan Southern	61⅝	62	62	62	64	63⅝
Illinois Central	96	96	100⅜	99½	99½	99½
Pittsburgh	76	76	76	76	76	76
Chicago & Northw'n	26⅜	26⅜	27	27	27⅜	27⅜
Do preferred	50	50	50	50	50	50
Rock Island	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½
St. Paul, common	30⅜	30⅜	30	30¼	30⅜	30⅜
Do preferred	54	54	54	54	54	54
Fort Wayne	94	94	94	94	94	94
Ohio & Mississippi	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½
Terre Haute	10	10	10	10	10	10
Do preferred	30	30	30	30	30	30
Toledo & Wabash	26	26	26	26	26	26
Hartford & St. Joe	21	21	21	21	21	21
Iron Mountain	19	19	19	19	19	19
Terre Haute						
Cleve. & Pitts						
South Carolinas, Apl			34			
South Carolinas, July			34			
Missouri 6's			92½			

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central, sales	49¾	
Reading, sales	53¾	
United Co's. of N. Jersey	131½	
Oil Creek	8½	9
Lehigh Valley, sales	63¾	
Allegheny Valley	36¾	
Central Transportation Co	45	45½
Empire Transportation Co		53½

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 116¾.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Money easy at 2@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper in demand at 2½@5 per cent.

STERLING

Firm at 487@487¼ for sixty days and 490 for sight.

GOLD

Strong, opening at 116⅞ and closing at 116¾. Carrying rates 1@2 per cent.; loans also made flat and at 2 per cent. for borrowing. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $1,778,000. Clearings $34,500,000. Shipments of gold and of specie to-morrow $3,000,000. Imports of dry goods for the week $1,285,20. Customs receipts $210,000.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds dull. State securities weak for Tennessees while others closed 1 per cent. The stock market opened weak and ½@⅞ per cent. lower than the closing quotations of yesterday, but soon became strong under the lead of Lake Shore, and prices advanced from ½@1¼ per cent. Later on there was a decline of from ½ to 1 per cent., which was followed by a gradually and a general advance along the list of from ½@⅝ per cent., with the greatest activity in Lake Shore, closely followed by Western Union, Pacific Mail and Northwestern common. The announcement that Messrs. Scott, President, and Mr. Cassatt, Vice President, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Mr. Ramsey, President of the Baltimore and Ohio, were in town by appointment and that a conference was about to be held with Mr. Jewett, President of the Erie Company, as arbitrator, caused the buoyancy. Late in the afternoon prices dropped off on the statement that on Monday next the Erie Railway Company will reduce its fares between New York and Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, but just before the close the market rallied and closed firm. The weakness in sterling, especially in Western stocks, was due to a discussion rising out of reports current about a reduction of rates by the Illinois Railroad Commissioners. There is hardly a doubt that a conference is going on between railroad magnates today, with a view to settling the difficulties between the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania roads.

Transactions at the Stock Exchange 283,000 shares, of which 35,000 were Pacific Mail, 67,000 Western Union, 14,000 Lake Shore, 28,000 Erie, 28,000 Rock Island, 106,000 Lake Shore, 8,000 Ohio and Mississippi and 7,000 Union Pacific.

The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.			
anton	62	Do preferred	53
U. Tel	79½	Wabash	26½
ansas City	10	Do preferred	45
dams Express	100	Fort Wayne	93¾
ells Fargo Ex	93	Terre Haute	5
merican Ex	63½	Do preferred	20
. Express	44	Chicago & Alton	101¼
acific Mail	29¾	Do preferred	120
ew York Central	103½	Ohio & Mississipp	23¼
rie	16⅞	Clev., Col. & Cin	92
Do preferred	31	Burlington & Q	115
orthern	134½	Lake Shore	63
Do preferred	134	C. C. & I. C	4½
ich. Central	64	Illinois Central	101
eveland & Pitts	83½	Atlantic & Pac. Tel	23½
orthwestern	56½	Union Pac. stock	71½
Do preferred	90	Central Pac. stock	94
ock Island	102½	Union Pacific bds	103½
J. Central	109½	Del. & Lack	117½
Paul	30½		

GOVERNMENTS.

8 coupons, 1881	125½	5-20's, 1867	122¾
6's, funding	119½	5-20's, 1868	122¾
6's, 1864	118½	10-40's	119
6's, 1865	122¼	New 5's	117½
6's, 1881, new	125¾	Currency 6's	122½

STATE BONDS.

issouri 6's	103½	Virginia, old	37
ennessee, old	51½	N. Carolina, old	20
ennessee, new	51½	N. Carolina, new	11
ssouri 6's	97		

[By Associated Press.]

MONEY.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Beeves—Receipts 180 head, making 4,820 head for four days, against 4,690 head for the same time last week. Quality generally fair to good; demand rather slow and unchanged, prices ranging from $11 00 @13 50 for poorest to best, with most of the transactions at $11 75@12 50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 3,280 head, making 13,290 head for four days, against 12,220 head for the same time last week. Trade slow at former quotations; market closed heavy at $4 75@6 00 for clipped sheep; and $8 00@12 00 per head for spring lambs.

Swine—Receipts 4,630 head, making 13,720 head for four days, against 13,400 head for the same time last week. Arrivals fair; demand slow, closing at $5 25@5 62½, latter for light.

Buffalo.

BUFFALO, June 11.—Cattle—Receipts 1,394 head; total for the week 11,594 head. Not sufficient sale for quotations.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 2,900 head; total for the week 16,800 head. Market this morning at a dead-lock; 17 cars remaining unsold will probably be shipped east.

Hogs—Receipts 2,800 head; total for the week 14,600 head. Market dull and slow; only 3 cars offering; balance of arrivals through consignment; one car good quality Yorkers sold at $7 50; Yorkers quoted at $7 25@7 50; heavy hogs holding at $7 75; offering $7 50.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Cattle—Receipts 3,035 head. Market dull and weak and 10@20c lower under heavy receipts, the decline being chiefly for inferior grades with the tendency still downward; Texans $2 00@4 50; butchers' $4 00 @5 00; stockers $2 25@3 25; common to corn shipping $5 50@6 75; choice sold at $6 25@6 35. Shipments 2,000 head.

Hogs—Receipts 12,000 head. Market active and firm and prices 15c higher; few sold under $6 20; bulk of sales $6 35@7 45; extra $7 50 @7 60; extra $7 55@7 60. Shipments 6,300 head.

Sheep—Receipts 300 head. Market dull and weak. Poor to choice $3 00@4 50; chiefly $3 75@4 25.

Albany.

ALBANY, June 11.—Cattle—Receipts 509 cars, against 453 cars for the same time last week. Bulk of supply ordinary to common; market but became weaker; highest price $7 50; most of choice stock sold at $7 00.

Sheep—Market weak and prices off 12½@25c; common to fair $4 50@5 25; fair to good $5 25@ 6 75; extras $6 00@6 25; lambs $6 50@6 00.

Hogs—Market firmer at 10@20c per dozen for strictly fresh.

POTATOES—The market is steady with a slack demand. We quote at 90@95c ₿ bushel for peach-blows from store; Peerless, 85@90c ₿ bushel; other grades 80@85c ₿ bushel. Saleson track were at 75@80c ₿ bushel for peachblows, and 65@70c for Peerless per bushel. Early Rose sold at $2 25@2 50 ₿ bbl in a jobbing way from store.

VEGETABLES—Are in fair supply with prices easy. We quote: New potatoes ₿ bbl, $7 00@ 7 50; peas ₿ bbl, $4 50@5 00; cabbages ₿ bbl, $3 00; radishes ₿ doz bunches, 25@30c; onions ₿ doz bunches, 25@30c; bermuda onions ₿ box, $1 25@1 50; strawberries ₿ box, 9@12c.

Groceries and Provisions.

GROCERIES—In this line of trade to-day, there was nothing new to note. Business was a little above the average. Prices were steady as follows:

Green Coffees.	₿ lb.	*Sugars.*	
Fancy Rio	24½c	Standard A	10¼c
Choice Rio	23½c	Standard B	10½c
Prime Rio	22 c	do extra C	10½c
Good Rio	20 c	Extra C—yellow	9¾c
Java	35 c	Extra B—yellow	9½c
Roasted Coffees.		Extra C—white	10¼c
Rio, in papers	27 c	New Orleans	9@9½c
Rio, in bulk	25½c	Cut loaf	12½@13c
Java, in papers	40 c	Granulated	11½c
Java, in bulk	39½c	Powdered	11½c
Teas.		Granulated	11½c
Young Hyson	50@$1 00	*Molasses.*	₿ gal.
Gunpowder	50@$1 25	Strictly ch'c N. O.	72@75c
Imperial	50@$1 00	Prime	70c
Japan	50@$1 00	Goods	65c
Oolong	35@ 85	*Syrups.*	₿ gal.
Fancy	75c	Ex. white drips	75c
Souchong	25@ 85	Sugar drips	60c
Rice.		Lower grades	45@50c
Choice Carolina	8½@9c	*Starch.*	
Patna	7½@8 c	Pearl	5½c
Rangoon	6½@7½c	Silver gloss	9½c
Spices.		Corn	8½c
Cloves	55 c	*Raisins.*	
Alispice	17½@18½c	Layers, ₿ box	$3 00
Cassia	35 @35c	Valentias ₿ lb	12 c
Nutmegs	$1 35@1 40	Currants, ₿ lb	7½c
Pepper	20 @ 27c	Prunes	10½@12 c
Candles.		*Soda.*	
Star, full weight	18½c	Irish soap	$4 50
Stearine	16 c	Babbitt's	$7 00
Soda.		Do N.Y.City	₿ 100
Bi-carb, in 10-lb pkgs	6c	German mottled	7 c
Bi-carb, in 1-lb pkgs	7c		

BACON—We quote shoulders at 10c ₿ lb; rib sides are quoted at 13c; clear rib sides 13½c; clear sides 15c.

HAMS—We quote plain sugar-cured at 13½@ 14c; canvassed do 13½c. Sugar-cured shoulders at 10@10½c; price according to brand. Breakfast bacon is quoted at 13½c; do canvassed 14½c; dried beef, sugar-cured, 15c; canvassed 16c; beef tongues, ₿ dozen, $1 00@1 50; each, 10c.

MESS PORK—There is an easy feeling. We quote at $21 75@22 00 per bbl.

LARD—The market is easier. We quote prime lard, refined, in tierces, ₿ lb, 15½c; half bbls do, 16c; in kegs, 16½c; in 3-lb pails, 17½c; in 5-lb caddies do, 17½c; in 3-lb pails do, 18c; in 5-lb do, 17½c; in 10-lb do, 17c.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 winter strained at $1 15 ₿ gallon; extra do at 1 10; No. 1 do 95c; No. 2 do 85c.

TALLOW—Sales at 8½@6c ₿ ₿ for choice, and 6@5½c for medium

Petroleum.

June 12.—There was a steady and rather quiet market for Petroleum all around, yesterday, with prices maintained at former quotations. The export movement is also steady and advices from Europe show a not very active market there.

CRUDE—We quote United at wells at $1 20; Union, Relief, Karns and Pleasantville, at $1 15; immediate shipment $1 40. The sales reported are 20,500 barrels at Parkers, and 3,100 barrels at other points. The bulk of the business from the new strike on the cross belt near Miller-town are that the well which stated at a thousand barrels has now flwinded down to between three and four hundred barrels. The market is quiet but steady.

REFINED—A firmer tone is reported in the refined markets to-day, with slightly advanced quotations. The Eastern markets reports show a gain of ¼@⅜c over former prices. We quote standard white on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad at 10¾@11c; on the Pennsylvania Railroad 10¾@10⅝c. New York delivery rules at 12⅝@12¾c; shipments from Philadelphia is quoted at 12¼@12c for prompt, and 13½c for June. Baltimore rules at 13½c for June delivery. The movement of crude oil East has fallen off slightly since the hot weather by the Connellsville route and increased somewhat by the Pennsylvania Railroad. Last week the amount shipped by the Connellsville route was four times that by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and this week it was about half as much, while since the first of the year the shipments by the Pennsylvania route were nearly, if not quite, five times as much as by the Pennsylvania Railroad, owing to the liberal policy of the former road to Pittsburgh shippers.

OIL BARRELS—Are dull and unchanged at $1 25 @1 30 for first-class; $1 10@1 20 for country.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, June 11.—The *Herald* says: There was unusual steadiness in the crude petroleum markets of the region without any great degree of activity. The slight decline of yesterday occasioned by the reported sale of one thousand barrel well on the cross belt was recovered when it was found that the well had dwindled down to between three and four hundred barrels. United at wells opened firm at $1 20, but subsequently fell off to $1 15, and at the close there were a few speculative buyers in the market which gave a tone of firmness in spite of unfavorable advices from the Eastern refined markets. Union, Pennsylvania, Karns and Relief pipes, at wells, were held firm at $1 10@1 12½, with few transactions in shipment. There were some sales effected at $1 40@1 45½, which figures were maintained at the close. On the Upper road the market was weaker, and closed at $1 37½. The Eastern refined markets were quiet and not so much oil offering. Sales 3,000 bbls.

1,000 bbls, United, at wells, spot.....$1 21½
3,500 bbls, United, at wells, spot..... 1 21½
2,500 bbls, Union, at wells, spot..... 1 20
3,000 bbls, Union, at wells, spot..... 1 20
4,000 bbls, United, at wells, spot..... 1 20
5,500 bbls, immediate shipment, spot..... 1 40
2,000 bbls, immediate shipment, spot..... 1 41½
6,000 bbls, immediate ship ment, spot..... 1 40
500 bbls, Oil City, spot..... 40
500 bbls, Oil City, spot..... 1 37½
1,000 bbls, Upper creek, spot..... 1 37½
500 bbls, Upper creek, spot..... 1 37½

NEW YORK, June 11, closing 10.—There are fewer contracts offering and very light offerings from the fields of refinery, with an advance of about 5c asked. The advanced prices claimed—nearest one business although there was some inquiry at better figures than quoted yesterday. The closing prices are as follows. Crude in bulk 95c for prompt, and 95c for June; do in shipping order 95@95½c; refined 13½c for prompt, and 13½c for June; cases 18@ 20c for export. For Philadelphia delivery refined is quoted at 12¾c for spot, and 13¼c for June, and at Baltimore refined is quoted at 13½c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Market quiet; standard white 10½@10¾c; spot and July 5½c; cases 10c; no sales; no futures offering.

PARKERS, June 11.—Market quiet and firm; sales number 40 bbls; $1 22½ asked; United $1 20 bid; $1 22½ asked.

TITUSVILLE, June 11.—Market quiet but firm; quoted at $1 37½@1 40.

OIL CITY, June 11.—Market firm at $1 45.

ROUSEVILLE, June 11.—Market quiet but firm at $1 32½@1 35.

TIDIOUTE, June 11.—Market unchanged at $1 40 asked f. o. b.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper	Consignee.	Bbls.
R S Duncan	Vesta O W	795
H Everhart & Co	Jamaica O W	693
H W McKelvy	American O W	483
O J Greene	Rhys O W	315
Geo M Robinson	American O W	163
Geo M Robinson	Loomis O W	83
W S Bamm	Riverside O W	74
Total		2,606

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
King & Goodwin	J P Logan, Philia	150
Lockhart & Co	John P Logan, Philia	94
David Bly & Co	John P Logan, Philia	107
Lockhart & F	Warden, F & Co, Philia	728
Total		1,039

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Central Stock Yards—East Liberty.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, June 11, 1875.

The run of cattle all the week has been fair and sold briskly at quotations given below.

The supply of hogs proved lighter than anticipated, and prices were firm at our quotations.

The run of sheep was heavy, and prices were off from last week 2s to 40c. The supply being in excess of the demand, all the offerings were not disposed of.

From the latest circular of Holmes, Lafferty, Glass & Co., we cull the following rates of the market for cattle, hogs and sheep:

CATTLE.

Extra 1,400 to 1,500 ₿ steers	$7 00@7 25
Prime 1,200 to 1,300 ₿ steers	6 50@6 80
Good 1,100 to 1,200 ₿ steers	6 00@6 40
Fair 1,000 to 1,100 ₿ steers	5 50@5 80
Common, 900 to 1,000 ₿s	4 75@5 25
Bulls	3 00@4 00
Texans	3 50@4 00

HOGS.

Philadelphias	7 00@7 90
Yorkers	7 00@7 25
Roughs and inferior	6 00@6 50

SHEEP.

Extra, 95 to 100 lbs	$5 00@5 25
Good 85 to 90 ₿s	4 50@4 75
Fair 75 to 80 ₿s	4 00@4 25
Scalawags, per head	1 50@2 00

Sales.

Below we give a limited number of sales made yesterday and this morning, which gives the reader a fair idea of the market:

CATTLE.

No.	Wt.	Price.	No.	Wt.	Price.
15	17,300	$7 00	20	37,550	$5 30
18	20,880	6 75	35	33,570	6 25
7	5,720	7 75	22	19,080	5 10

HOGS.

104	20,150	$7 35	127	23,390	$7 30
110	21,610	7 25	65	17,180	7 90
7	920	7 75	178	45,710	7 90
144	21,780	7 65	110	24,530	7 30
136	22,640	7 50	6	1,570	7 40

SHEEP.

104	7,780	$4 50	53	2,500	$5 50
214	17,770	4 60	79	8,320	5 60
185	20,090	4 75	4 decks, ₿ hd		6 00
154	17,300	5 70	2 bucks, ₿ hd		3 00

MILCH COWS.

There were a few common milch cows still in the pens, the best and choice having been secured in the early part of the week. The prices ruled from $25 00@30 00 for common to medium milchers, all the way up to $35 00@ 75 00 for extra prime.

[By Associated Press.]

New York.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Beeves—Receipts 980 head, making 4,820 head for four days, against 4,690 head for the same time last week. Quality generally fair to good; demand rather slow and unchanged, prices ranging from $11 00 @13 50 for poorest to best, with most of the transactions at $11 75@12 50.

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VEGETABLES—Are in fair supply with prices easy. We quote: New potatoes ₿ bbl, $7 00@ 7 50; peas ₿ bbl, $4 50@5 00; cabbages ₿ bbl, $3 00; radishes ₿ doz bunches, 25@30c; bermuda onions ₿ box, $1 25@1 50; strawberries ₿ box, 9@12c.

Groceries and Provisions.

GROCERIES—In this line of trade to-day, there was nothing new to note. Business was a little above the average. Prices were steady as follows:

Green Coffees.	₿ lb.	*Sugars.*	
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Choice Rio	23½c	Standard B	10½c
Prime Rio	22 c	do extra C	10½c
Good Rio	20 c	Extra C—yellow	9¾c
Java	35 c	Extra B—yellow	9½c
Roasted Coffees.		Extra C—white	10¼c
Rio, in papers	27 c	New Orleans	9@9½c
Rio, in bulk	25½c	Cut loaf	12½@13c
Java, in papers	40 c	Granulated	11½c
Java, in bulk	39½c	Powdered	11½c
Teas.		Granulated	11½c
Young Hyson	50@$1 00	*Molasses.*	₿ gal.
Gunpowder	50@$1 25	Strictly ch'c N. O.	72@75c
Imperial	50@$1 00	Prime	70c
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Fancy	75c	Ex. white drips	75c
Souchong	25@ 85	Sugar drips	60c
Rice.		Lower grades	45@50c
Choice Carolina	8½@9c	*Starch.*	
Patna	7½@8 c	Pearl	5½c
Rangoon	6½@7½c	Silver gloss	9½c
Spices.		Corn	8½c
Cloves	55 c	*Raisins.*	
Alispice	17½@18½c	Layers, ₿ box	$3 00
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Pepper	20 @ 27c	Prunes	10½@12 c
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Star, full weight	18½c	Irish soap	$4 50
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Soda.		Do N.Y.City	₿ 100
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MESS PORK—There is an easy feeling. We quote at $21 75@22 00 per bbl.

LARD—The market is easier. We quote prime lard, refined, in tierces, ₿ lb, 15½c; half bbls do, 16c; in kegs, 16½c; in 3-lb pails, 17½c; in 5-lb caddies do, 17½c; in 3-lb pails do, 18c; in 5-lb do, 17½c; in 10-lb do, 17c.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 winter strained at $1 15 ₿ gallon; extra do at 1 10; No. 1 do 95c; No. 2 do 85c.

TALLOW—Sales at 8½@6c ₿ ₿ for choice, and 6@5½c for medium

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CRUDE—We quote United at wells at $1 20; Union, Relief, Karns and Pleasantville, at $1 15; immediate shipment $1 40. The sales reported are 20,500 barrels at Parkers, and 3,100 barrels at other points. The bulk of the business from the new strike on the cross belt near Miller-town are that the well which stated at a thousand barrels has now flwinded down to between three and four hundred barrels. The market is quiet but steady.

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1,000 bbls, United, at wells, spot.....$1 21½
3,500 bbls, United, at wells, spot..... 1 21½
2,500 bbls, Union, at wells, spot..... 1 20
3,000 bbls, Union, at wells, spot..... 1 20
4,000 bbls, United, at wells, spot..... 1 20
5,500 bbls, immediate shipment, spot..... 1 40
2,000 bbls, immediate shipment, spot..... 1 41½
6,000 bbls, immediate ship ment, spot..... 1 40
500 bbls, Oil City, spot..... 40
500 bbls, Oil City, spot..... 1 37½
1,000 bbls, Upper creek, spot..... 1 37½
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PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Market quiet; standard white 10½@10¾c; spot and July 5½c; cases 10c; no sales; no futures offering.

PARKERS, June 11.—Market quiet and firm; sales number 40 bbls; $1 22½ asked; United $1 20 bid; $1 22½ asked.

TITUSVILLE, June 11.—Market quiet but firm; quoted at $1 37½

CITY MATTERS.

For eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed daily to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV., Room 25, First National Bank, PITTSBURGH, PA., June 11, 1875.

Time.	Bar.	Th'r.	Hum	WIND. Dir.	Force.	Weath.
7 A.M.	29.010	68	79	...	Calm.	Clear.
2 P.M.	29.035	87	40	W.	Fresh.	Fair.
9 P.M.	29.086	79	57	S.	Fresh.	Fair.

Mean barometer...29.030 Highest thermom... 91
Mean thermometer... 76 Lowest thermom... 62

Allegheny Teachers' Institute.

The third quarterly session of the Allegheny City Teachers' Institute was held last evening in the Fourth ward school house, first precinct. After prayer and music an essay was read by Miss Rebecca Tannehill, and a lecture by Rev. Dr. I. N. Baird.

The morning City Superintendent Davis will deliver a lecture on "Grammar," after which there will be class drills in arithmetic and gymnastics.

Burglary at Hazlewood.

Sometime between midnight and five o'clock yesterday morning the residence of Hill Burgwin, Esq., at Hazewood was entered by burglars and the articles stolen: Eight silver spoons, three of them with the letter "B" engraved upon them, and the remaining five with an "F" upon them; one gold ring; one enameled locket; two small tea-pots; one plated cream jug; one silver-plated nut-cracker; one cut-glass black frock coat. There is no clue as yet to the thief or thieves.

The Republican Conventions.

In accordance with party usages, the chairman of the Republican County Executive Committee, Samuel P. Fulton, Esq., has designated members to call the several conventions to order, as follows:

No. 1, Sheriff, C. S. Fetterman.
No. 2, Recorder and Register, Hon. J. C. Newmyer.
No. 3, Clerk of Courts and Director of the Poor, Col. Thomas M. Bayne.
No. 4, Controller and Commissioner, Captain John Gilfillan.

Pennsylvania Female College.

The commencement exercises of the Pennsylvania Female College begin to-morrow at 10:30 A. M., with the baccalaureate sermon, by President Black, in Shady Side Church. The examinations begin on Monday morning at nine o'clock, continuing throughout that day and Tuesday. Wednesday evening, at 7:45, in the First Presbyterian Church, East Liberty, Rev. Dr. James J. Brownson will deliver the annual address. Thursday at three P. M. the commencement exercises proper will occur in college chapel.

Horse Thieves.

Robberies in the Chartiers Valley have been frequent of late. A buck wagon and two sets of harness were stolen from Wilson Arnold, near Cannonsburg, and two horses—one belonging to John Little and one to James Corrons—were taken from the stables of their respective owners near little Washington—it is supposed by the same parties. The thieves were traced five miles this side of Cannonsburg, and it is supposed they came to this city. One hundred and fifty dollars reward is offered for their apprehension.

About a Counterfeit $20 Note.

Yesterday afternoon, a partial hearing was had before United States Commissioner McCandless in the case of Owen Fitzsimmons, a horse auctioneer, who is charged by Michael Fisher, of Temperanceville, with passing on deponent a twenty dollar counterfeit treasury note. Fitzsimmons sold a horse to Fisher, for sixteen dollars, and the counterfeit bill in question was given in payment. The accused denies that he knew the note was spurious. The hearing will be concluded this afternoon.

Highway Robbery.

J. W. Jack, a resident of No. 91 Ohio street, Allegheny, appeared before Acting Mayor Netille, yesterday, and preferred a charge of highway robbery against four unknown men, who he alleges robbed him of a morocco pocket book containing sixty dollars and a gold watch worth $150. Mr. Jack states that about eleven o'clock Thursday night, while passing along Duquesne way, near Garrison alley, on his way to his home, he was suddenly pounced upon by four men, two of whom held him, while the others rifled his pockets. He is unable to give a description of the robbers, and it is not likely they will be caught.

The Water Committee.

A special meeting of the Water Committee was held last evening, Wm. B. Hunter in the chair, at the request of Superintendent Atkinson, who complained that the contractors were furnishing an inferior quality of coal to the various water works.

Bills to the amount of $6,255 06 from the Castle Shannon Railroad Company, and $818 28 from Charles H. Armstrong & Son, for delivering coal, and from Wm. H. Smith for $159 27, were allowed.

The matter of the quality of coal was referred to the Superintendent, with the understanding that if it continued inferior a deduction will be made in the next bills.

Adjourned.

Postponed.

The mass temperance meeting announced to be held in the Opera House on the 13th inst., has been postponed until Sunday 20th inst. A progressive is being prepared and those who attend, it is promised, will have a feast of good things spread before them. The committee have also secured the services of excellent speakers for the occasion, among whom is the, eloquent Miss Anna M. Edwards, of Cleveland, Ohio, who, by her clear reasoning, telling arguments, and impassioned utterances, created the most profound impression on the great subject of temperance wherever she has appeared. A volunteer choir composed of some of the best musical talent in the city are rehearsing for this occasion and will interperse the exercises with excellent music. The programme will be announced in due time.

Where the Paper is Made from Which Paper Flour Bags are Made.

On a recent visit to the paper mills of Messrs. Godfrey & Clark, at Elkhorn, twenty-seven miles up the Monongahela river, we were surprised to find such an immense establishment. With the advantage of cheap transportation both rail and water, coal for fuel delivered at the works at two and a half cents per bushel, good clear water and plenty of it at no expense, it is no wonder that this firm can manufacture a superior quality of paper at an extremely low figure. They make an extra article of paper, ship it to their bag manufactory, No. 270 Liberty street, and there by means of machinery and ingenuity, make it into flour bags at the rate of 23,000 per hour. Mr. Godfrey expects, by the introduction of improvements in the gearing of the wonderful machinery, to be able to make at least 260,000 bags in ten hours.

Candidates for West Point and Annapolis.

The committee appointed by Hon. A. G. Cochran, member of Congress from the Twenty-third district, to conduct the competitive examination of the young men desiring the appointment to the vacant cadetships at the West Point Military and the Annapolis Naval Academies, from Mr. Cochran's district, having completed the duty assigned them, announce that in their judgment John A. Johnston, of Allegheny City, is best qualified for the appointment to the Military Academy, and, as second and very close to John, Edward D. S. McErlier, of Allegheny county, is named. For the appointment to the Naval Academy Wm. Bope, of Bellevue, Isaac Hall, of Allegheny, and W. S. Sample and Joseph Rohrbacher, of Sewickley, standing next in rank. The Examining Committee was composed of Hon. Thomas Ewing, and L. Ludden and J. F. Cooper, Esqs.

Monongahela Wharves.

The Committee on Monongahela Wharves held a regular meeting last evening.

J. K. P. Duff, Esq., counsel for J. Stolzenbach, asked the committee to allow his client free use of portion of the South Side wharf. He stated Mr. Stolzenbach had built against the Pittsburgh and Ormsby Ferry Co., for possession of the wharf.

The matter referred to a sub-committee.

The Wharf Masters reported as follows:

RECEIPTS.

North Side Wharf	$525 00
South Side Wharf	150 00

EXPENSES.

North Side Wharf	$143 33
South Side Wharf	108 33

The reports were approved.

The refusal of Lake Erie Grand Lake Co. to pay wharfage for their boats moored at the South Side wharf, on the ground that they are not subject to King & Co., who claimed to own that part of the wharf, was referred to the City Solicitor for an opinion.

Adjourned.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Salsbury's Troubadours will give a matinee performance this afternoon, and every one there engagement with their appearance this evening. "Little Mother" and the "Patchwork" are well worth seeing.

Monday evening Nick Roberts' celebrated pantomime troupe will make their appearance at the Opera House.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

There will be a matinee this afternoon and the regular evening entertainment, at each of which the combined companies will appear.

THE ORPHANS' COURT CLERKSHIP.

The Office Abolished in Philadelphia, Allegheny and Luzerne Counties.

Under the new Constitution, in the counties of Philadelphia, Allegheny and Luzerne, separate Orphans' Courts have been established, and the duties of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court devolved upon the Register of Wills. It [illegible] when the Register assumed the duties; in Other [illegible] Clerk of the Orphans' Court throughout the State [illegible] of Dec. 1, 1874. In this county, all the judges concluded in the view that the Clerk held over his term of office ended. In Luzerne county, however, the matter was carried into the courts, the Register claiming that the duties of the office, in the court below a judgment of ouster was rendered against the Register. The case took a final appeal to the Supreme Court. On Monday last Judge Mercur rendered the decision of the Supreme Court, in which he held that the Orphans' Court is a new tribunal, and not the continuation of an old one. He said:

"It is conceded that the relator had no such vested right in his office as to prevent the people from abolishing the office or abridging its term by the adoption of a new Constitution. This arises from the very nature of the thing. The power to create implies the power to destroy. The section of the schedule by which it was claimed the relator was continued in office, is not inconsistent with the framework of the instrument. The charters that only those officers shall retain their offices after the adoption of the Constitution for which provision is not therein made, and therefore does not include all persons elected. The particular court of which the relator had been elected Clerk having been abolished, his office fell with it. The continuance of the office of a Clerk, after the court which created it had ceased to exist, was without warrant in the Constitution or the laws of the Commonwealth. The respondent was duly elected and commissioned Register of Wills for the county of Luzerne, not Clerk of the Orphans' Court, and in rendering a judgment of ouster against him, and it must be reversed.

Under this decision, the Clerk of the Orphans' Court in this county, and in Philadelphia, have no power to continue—although, so far as our county is concerned, there is no disposition to interfere with Col. Hilands, who has made one of the most efficient and faithful officers the county ever had.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

Announcements Local and General.

THE M. E. charge at Bellevue, Rev. S. T. Mitchell, pastor, will have a grand festival June 17 and 18, in the interest of the Sunday-school.

REV. DR. R. T. TAYLOR, President of Beaver College, participates at the Sunday School Jubilee, at Sewickley M. E. Church, Rev. A. L. Petty, pastor, on to-morrow.

REV. R. W. PEARSON, D. D. will preach morning and evening in Fourth Avenue Baptist Church. Evening subject, "Secret Societies and the Church of Christ."

THE M. E. Church at Leetonia was recently rededicated, and during the services, conducted by Dr. Pershing, of this city, and Dr. Hill, of Cleveland, over $2,500 were subscribed to cancel the church debt.

THE Wood's run M. E. church occupies a fine lot on Kerr street, Ninth Ward, Allegheny City. The pastor, Rev. J. McCarty, and his people, have done a good work in refitting and beautifying their church by frescoing, painting, and fitting it up in a neat and attractive style.

REV. DR. W. HUNTER, editor of the *Pittsburgh Christian Advocate*, will preach the Baccalaureate sermon at Beaver College, Sunday the 27th. On Monday evening, Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick delivers the annual address. Commencement day exercises, the 30th inst.

REV. W. H. GILL, of Allegheny, will deliver the baccalaureate sermon to the graduates of the Steubenville Seminary, on next Sabbath, at the Second Presbyterian church. Public examinations will be held at the seminary during Monday and Tuesday following, and the commencement exercises will be on Wednesday.

ON Wednesday, June 16th, the annual excursion of the children of St. Paul's Cathedral schools will take place to Frieship Park, where a day of unlimited enjoyment will be had. Rev. Father Grace, at the head of an efficient corps of managers, is leaving nothing undone to make the occasion even more delightful than those of former years.

BISHOP SIMPSON leaves this week for Europe, to be gone until the latter part of September, and will preside over the German Conference and attend to some important matters connected with the Missionary work in Europe. His son, Verner, and John G. Holmes, Esq., member of the banking house of S. Holmes & Sons, in this city, will accompany the Bishop in his travels.

ON Sabbath last, in the Blairsville M. E. Church, the probationers of last Conference year were received into full membership. One hundred and thirty-six were recommended, of which number 93 answered their names and the rest accounted for. After the disciplinary questions were answered by raising the right hand they were cordially received by the hand of fellowship by the pastor, Rev. W. F. Lauck.

REV. THOMAS HANNA, pastor of the Second United Presbyterian church, of this city, has tendered his resignation as pastor, under circumstances that have compelled its acceptance by the session of the church, and the close of the pastoral relation will be announced to the congregation next Sabbath. The circumstances above alluded to are the declining health of his wife, and the necessity of exchanging city for country life.

THE State Christian Temperance Convention, to organize the Christian Temperance Alliance of Pennsylvania. An address will be delivered in the Opera House on Tuesday evening, at 7:45, by Rev. Dr. James J. Brownson, who will deliver the annual address. Thursday at three P. M. the commencement exercises proper will occur in college chapel.

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